Hand in the solution to this test on the stated date (5\% of your final grade). Read carefully. Look it up. Answer questions in order from left to right, top to bottom. You must work alone. You probably want to consult a math handbook.

Neatly draw the graph of the following functions, showing the locations of 0 and $\pm 1$ on each axis. Give the derivative. Indicate non-principal values as a broken line. Make sure that you give enough of the curves to clearly demonstrate all features. Make sure that you have answered all parts, including derivatives.

$$
2 x-2 \quad x^{2}+1 \quad x^{4}-x^{2}
$$

$$
\sin (x) \quad \arcsin (x) \quad \sinh (x)
$$

$$
\cos (x) \quad \arccos (x) \quad \cosh (x)
$$

$$
\tan (x) \quad \arctan (x) \quad \tanh (x)
$$

$\ln (x)$
$e^{x}$

$$
\tan \left(x^{2}\right)
$$

Find (include any integration constants and absolute signs):

$$
\begin{array}{rlr}
\int x^{-2} \mathrm{~d} x= & \int_{1}^{2} x^{-2} \mathrm{~d} x= & \int_{1}^{x} \xi^{-2} \mathrm{~d} \xi= \\
\int \frac{\mathrm{d} x}{x}= & \int \frac{1}{1-x^{2}} \mathrm{~d} x= & \int \frac{1}{1+x^{2}} \mathrm{~d} x= \\
\int \ln (x) \mathrm{d} x= & \int x e^{x} \mathrm{~d} x= & \\
\left|\begin{array}{ccc}
1 & 2 & 3 \\
2 & 3 & 4 \\
3 & 4 & 5
\end{array}\right|= & \lim _{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan (x)}{x}= & \frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{~d} x} \int_{x}^{2} x f(\xi) \mathrm{d} \xi= \\
2+1+0-1-2-3-4 \ldots-99-100= & & e^{2}+e^{1}+e^{0}+e^{-1}+e^{-2}+e^{-3}+e^{-4}+\ldots=
\end{array}
$$

$$
\text { Solve : } \quad \frac{\mathrm{d} y}{\mathrm{~d} x}=y \quad y(1)=1
$$

