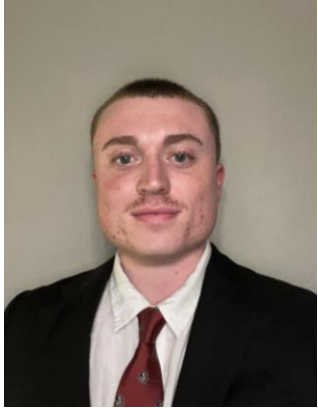


A 3D rendering of a human arm, showing the hand, forearm, and upper arm. The arm is colored in a gradient from blue to white. A red, glowing, cylindrical indenter is positioned against the forearm, with the text "Bone Quality Indenter" overlaid on it.

Bone Quality Indenter

Team Introductions



Grant Giorgi
*Orthopedic
Bioengineer*



Erin Petkus
*Biomaterials and
Biopolymers
Engineer*



Timothy Surface
*Manufacturing
Engineer*



Abrea Green
*Clinical
Engineer*



Tessany Schou
*Materials
Engineer*



Nicholas Vastano
*Bioinstrumentation
Engineer*

Sponsor and Advisor



Project Sponsor

Tom Vanasse

Director of Engineering, Exactech



Academic Advisor

Stephen Arce, Ph.D.

Professor, FAMU-FSU Engineering

Tessany Schou

Objective

The objective of this project is to create a functional prototype and complete feasibility testing of a device that assists the surgeon's selection in type of implant used during Total Shoulder Arthroplasty.

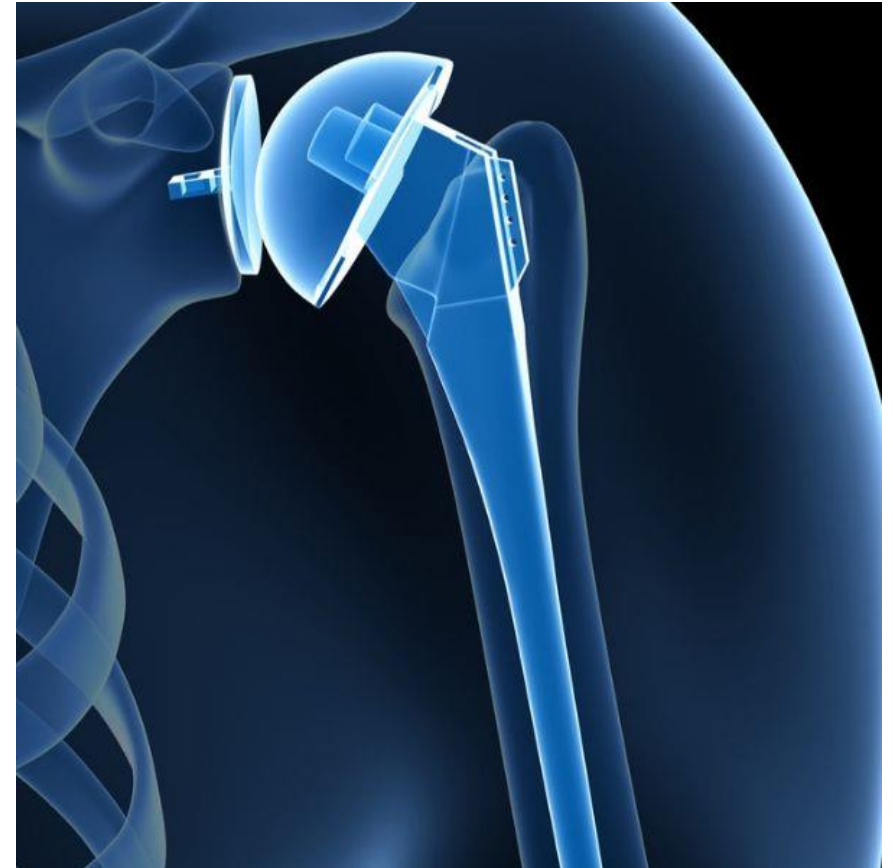
Tessany Schou



Total Shoulder Arthroplasty

Purpose

Eliminate source of pain and dysfunction by replacing shoulder joint with artificial components



Erin Petkus

Types of Implants

Stemmed Implant

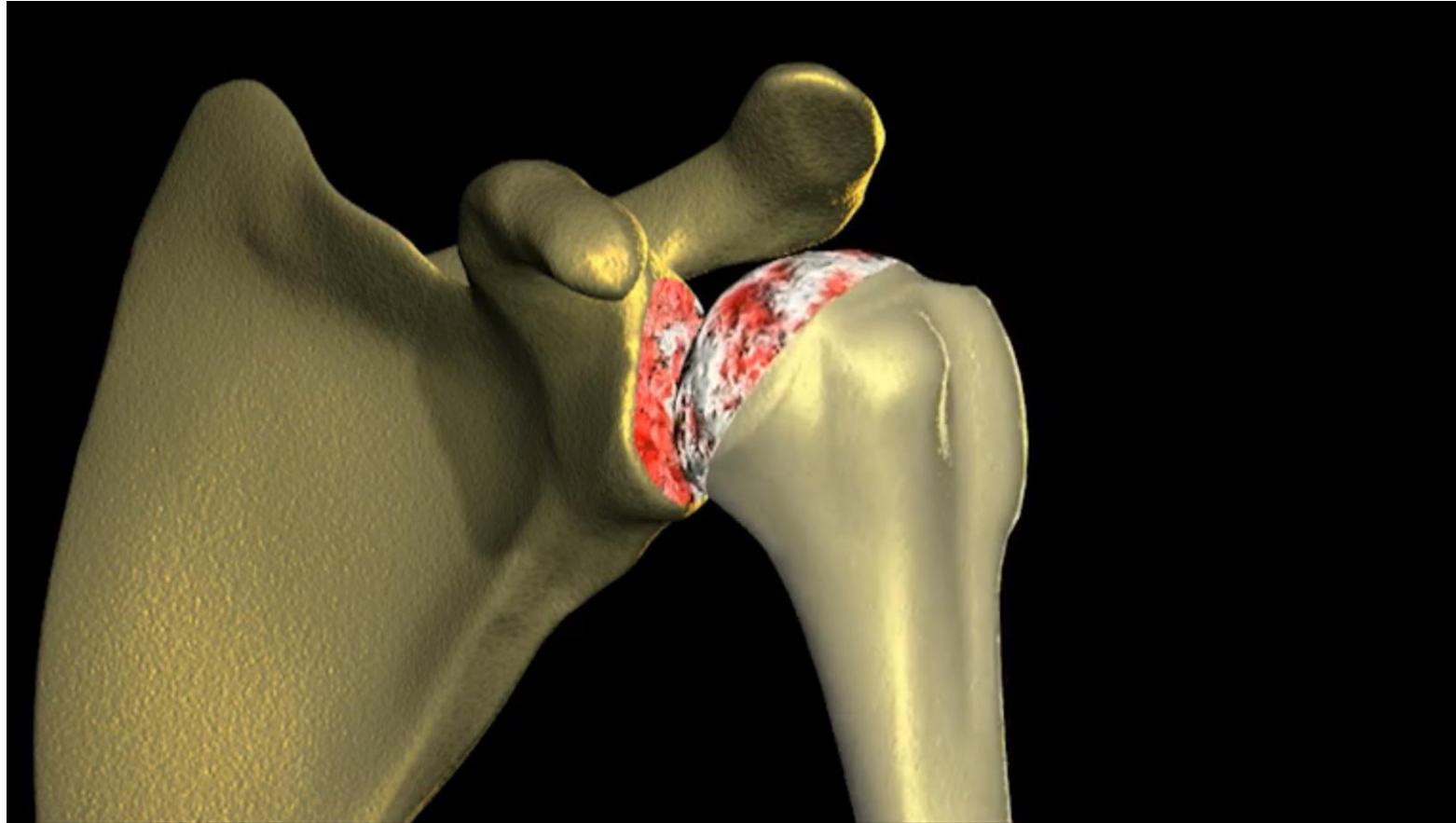


Stemless Implant



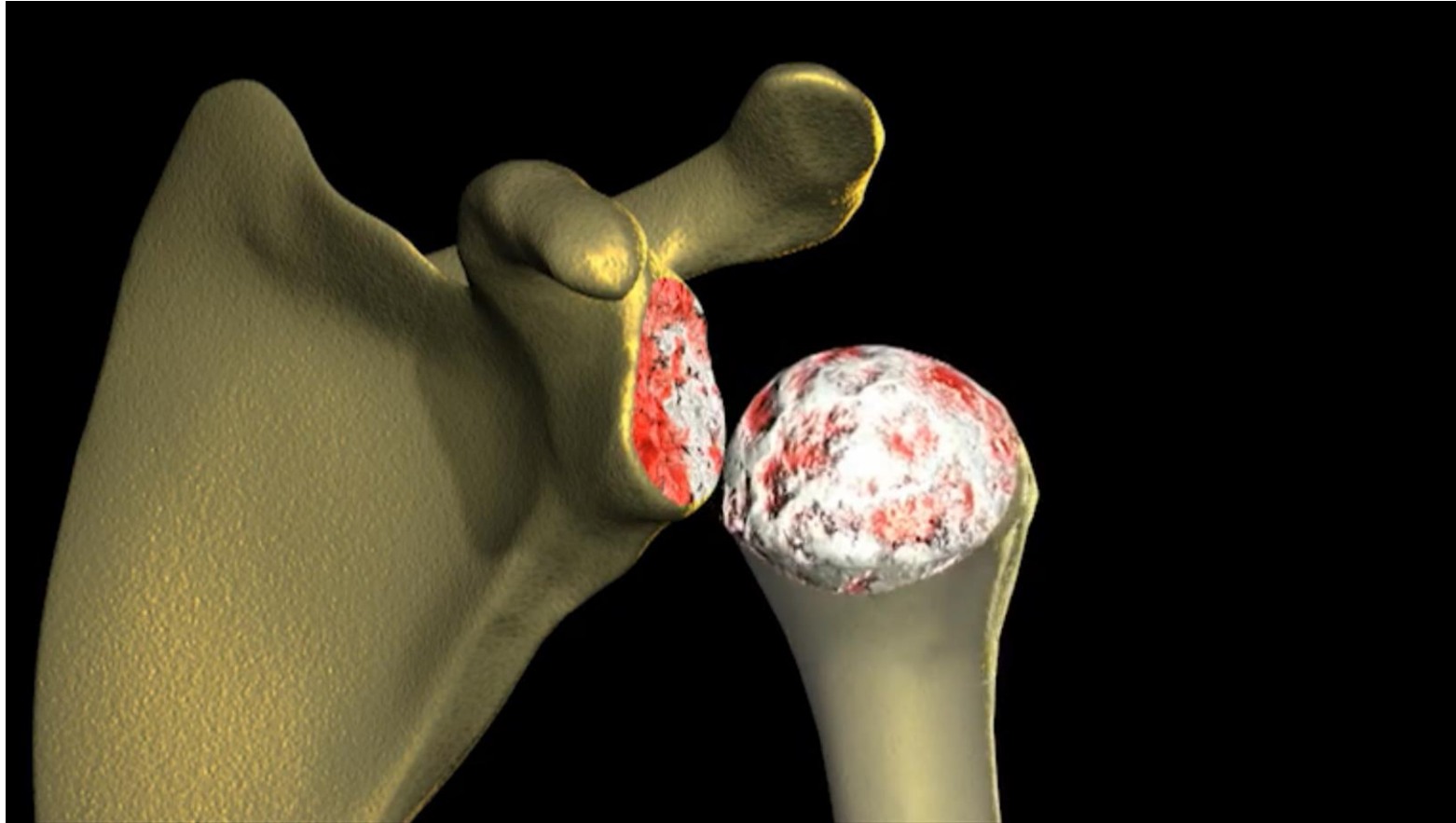
Erin Petkus

The “Thumb Test”



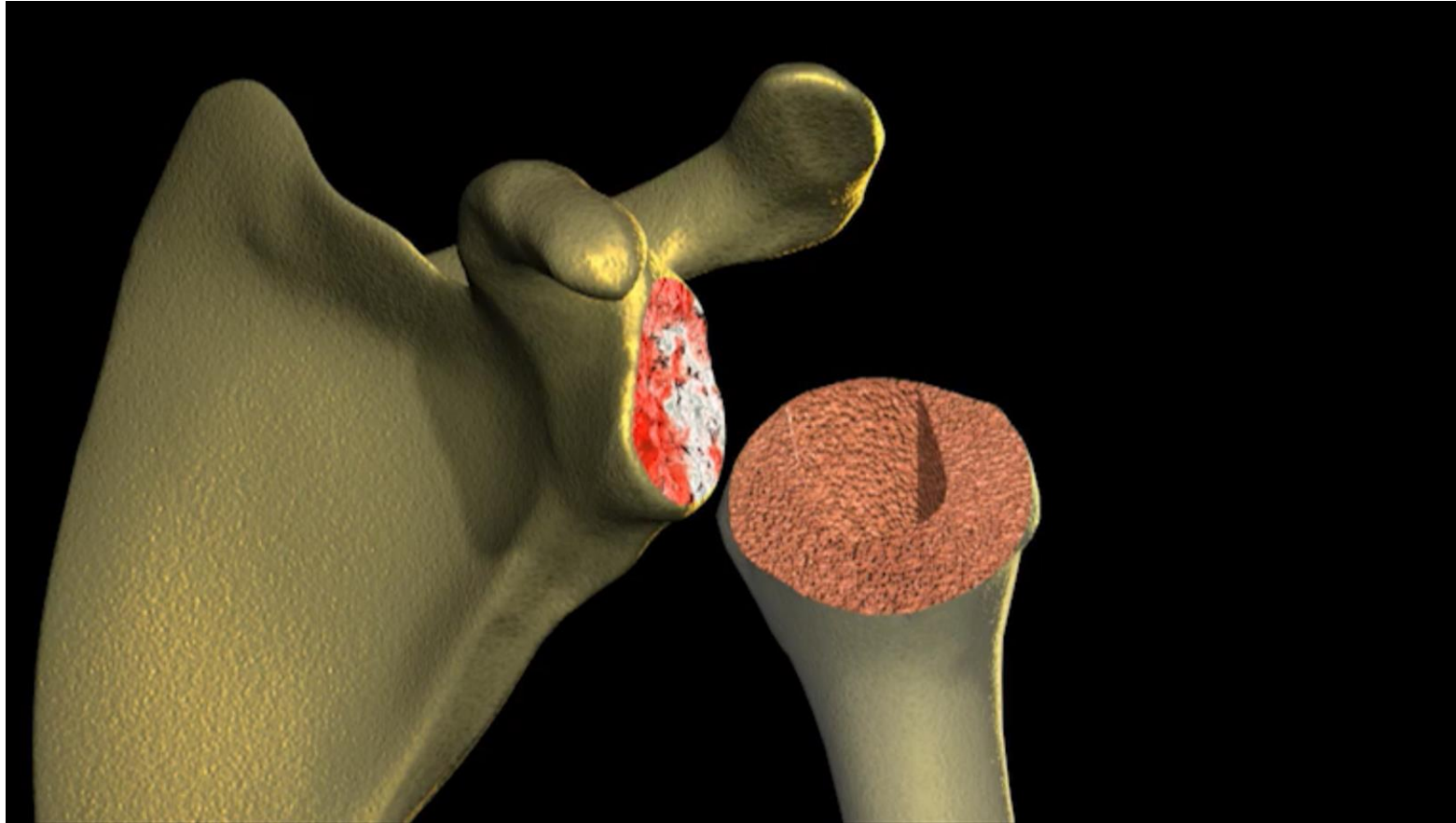
Erin Petkus

The “Thumb Test”



Erin Petkus

The “Thumb Test”



Erin Petkus

Levels of Bone Density/Quality



Erin Petkus

Functional Decomposition

SAFETY

- Adheres to codes
- Survives cleaning
- Prevents harm

EASE OF USE

- Endures multiple uses
- Allows easy manipulation

MEASUREMENT

- Displays measurement
- Provides accuracy
- Demonstrates speed

Tessany Schou



Targets

Compliant
with FDA
regulations

Creates
indentation less
than or equal to
1 in.

Width of
device is
smaller than
6 in.

Reports results
with 95%
accuracy

Device
withstands
temperatures up
to 284 °F

Weighs less
than or equal
to 5 lbs.

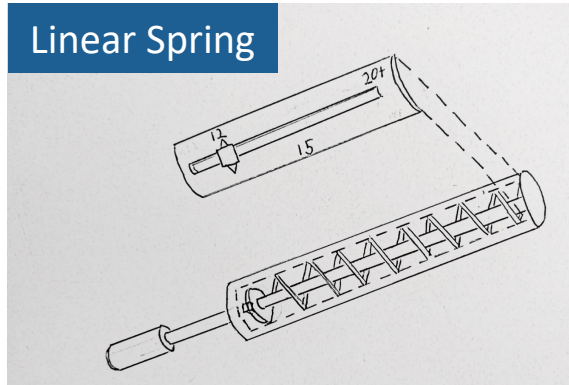
Lifespan
greater than
50 uses



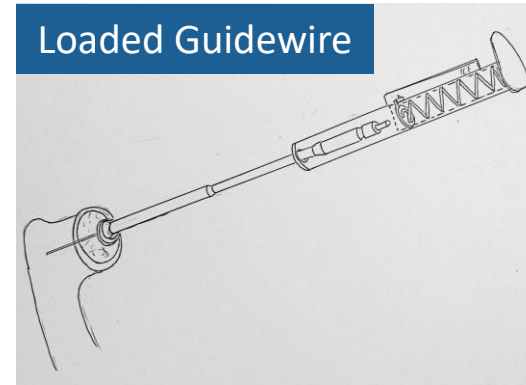
Tessany Schou

Concepts

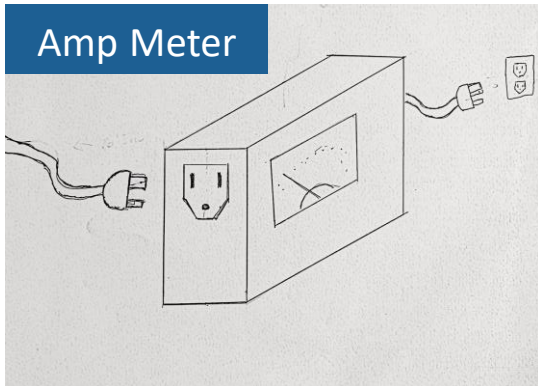
Linear Spring



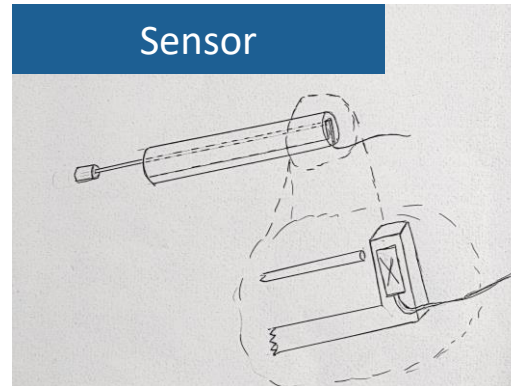
Loaded Guidewire



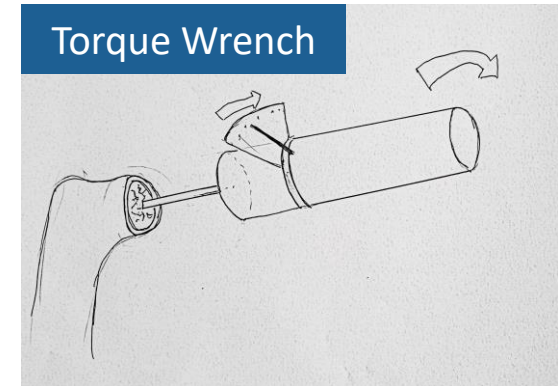
Amp Meter



Sensor

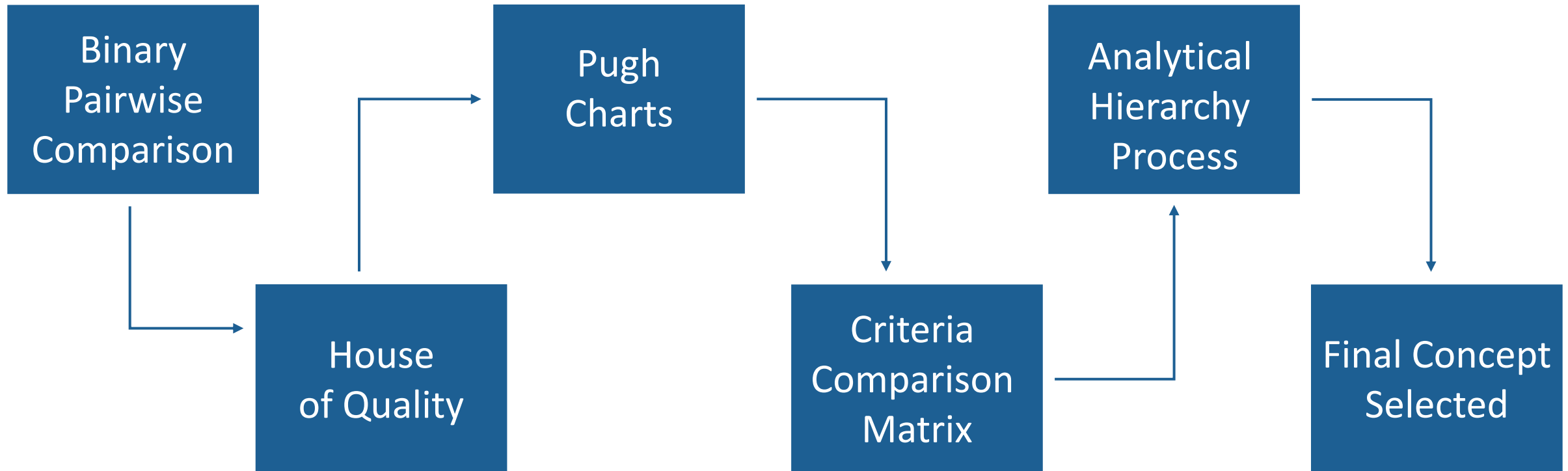


Torque Wrench



Tessany Schou

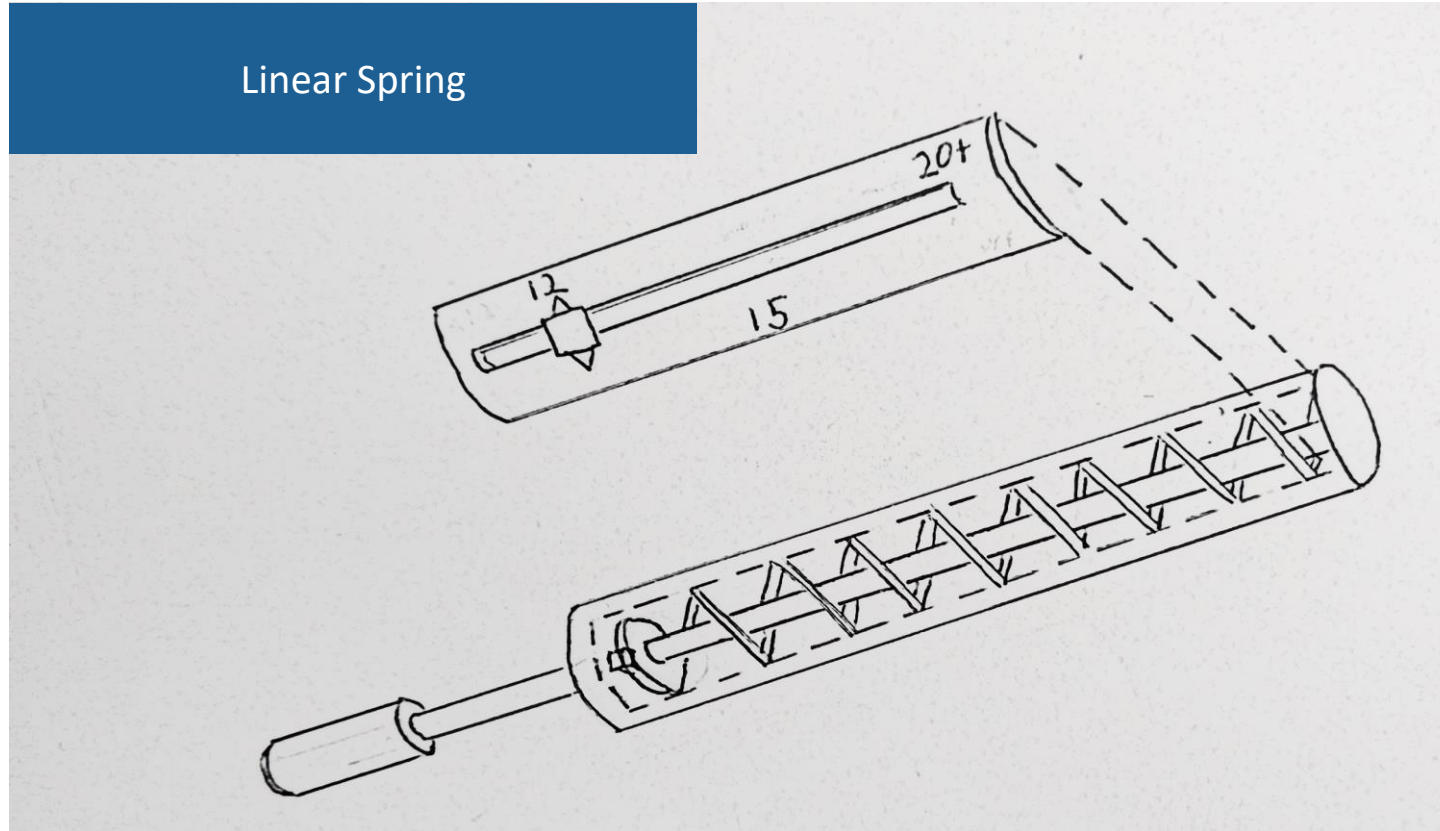
Concept Selection



Tessany Schou

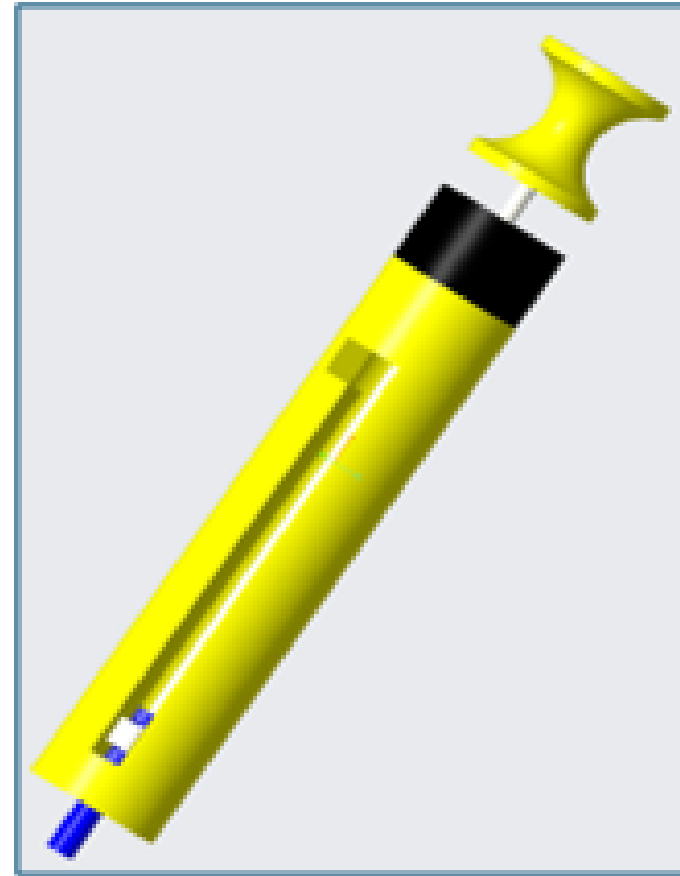
Concept Selection

Linear Spring



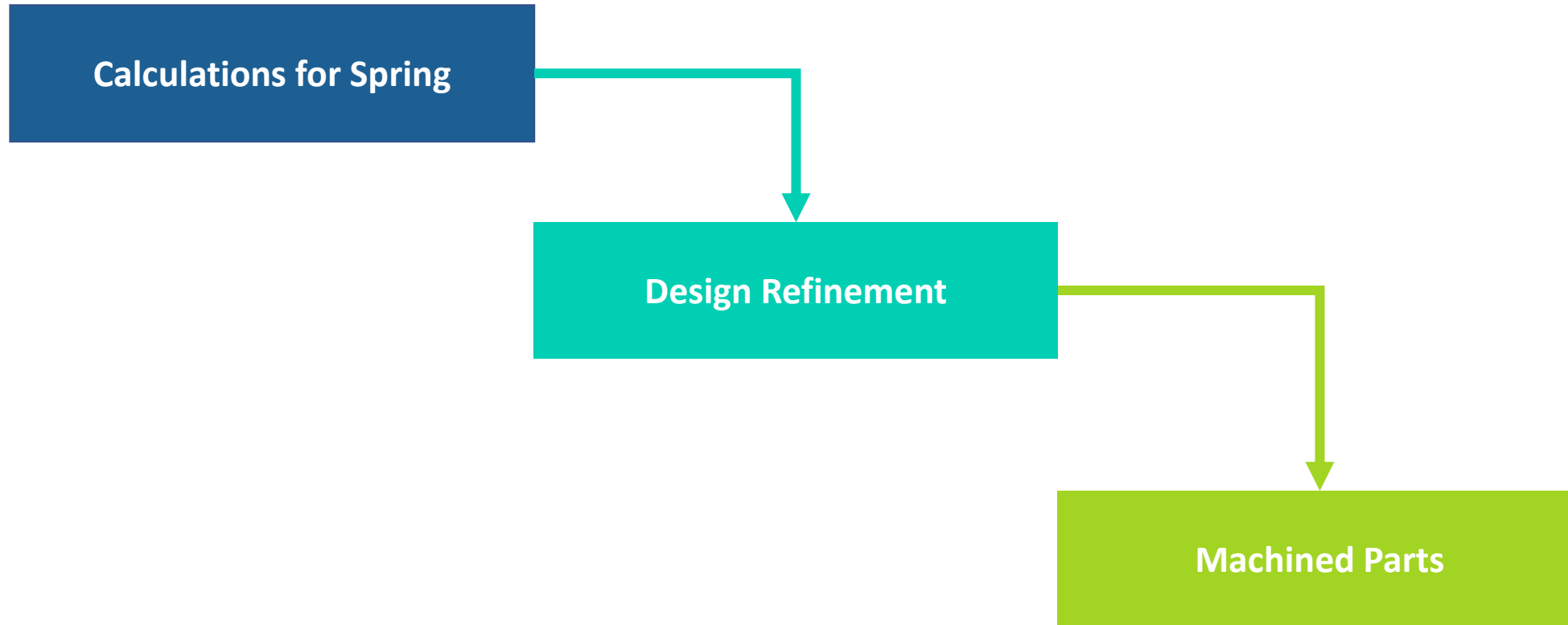
Tessany Schou

Rework and 3D Model



Tessany Schou

DR5



Abrea Green

Classification & Applicable Standards

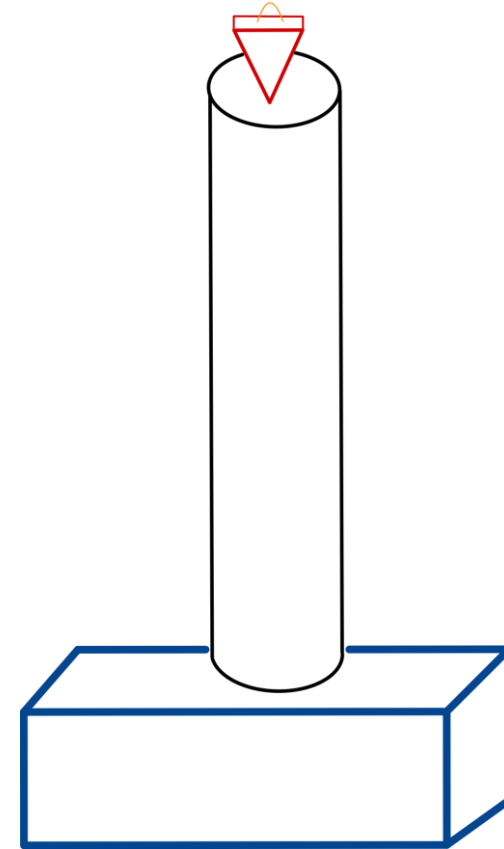


- Class I medical device
 - PMA versus 510K
- Relevant Standards
 - ISO 17665-1 and -2
 - ISO 10993-20
 - ASTM D-1621

Abrea Green

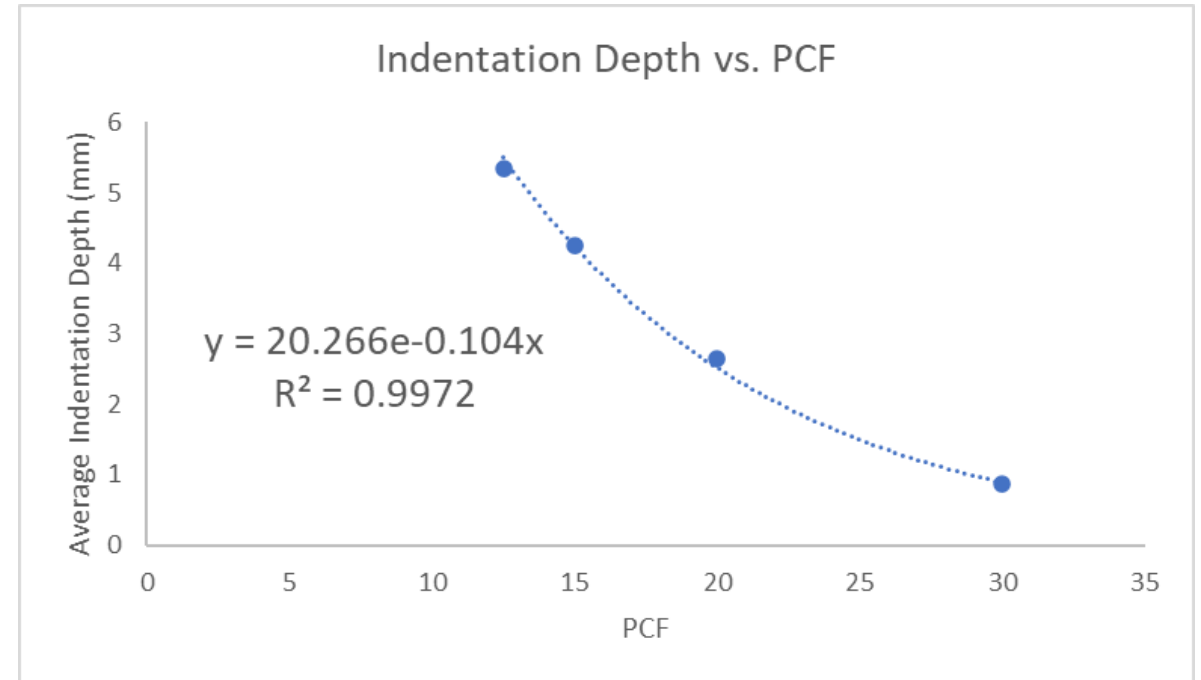
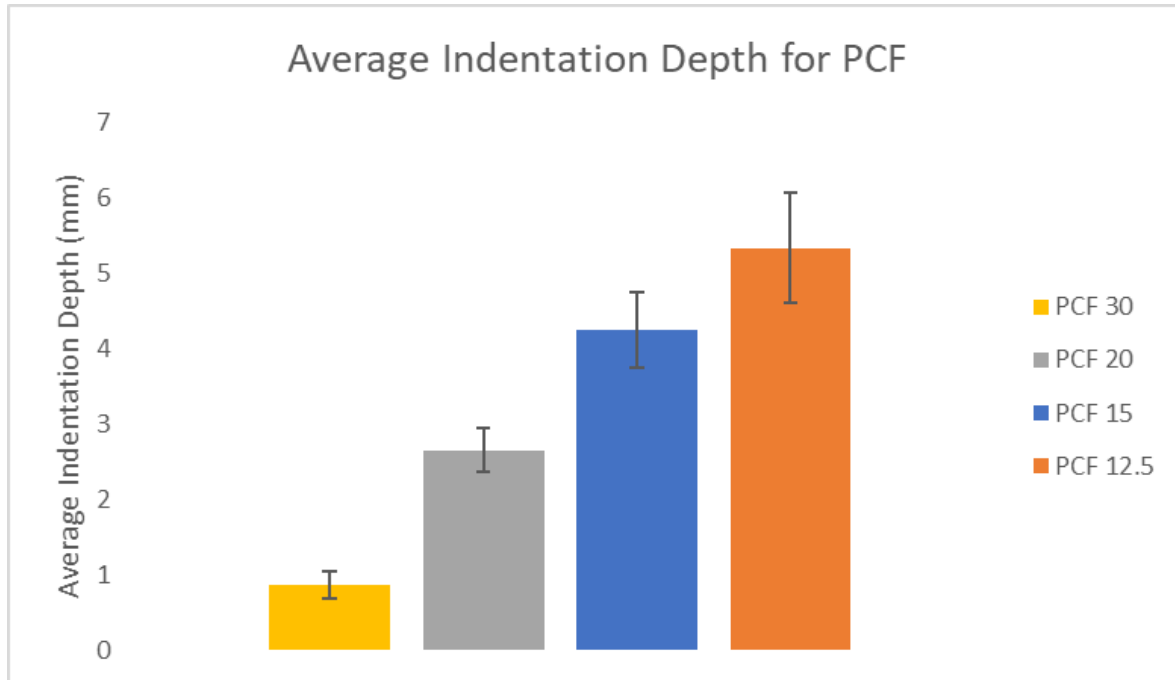
Drop Testing Procedure

- Pyramid shaped fishing weights through PVC pipe
 - 3 ounces and 50.75 inches
- Depth measured with calipers
- Force back-calculated for varied PCF



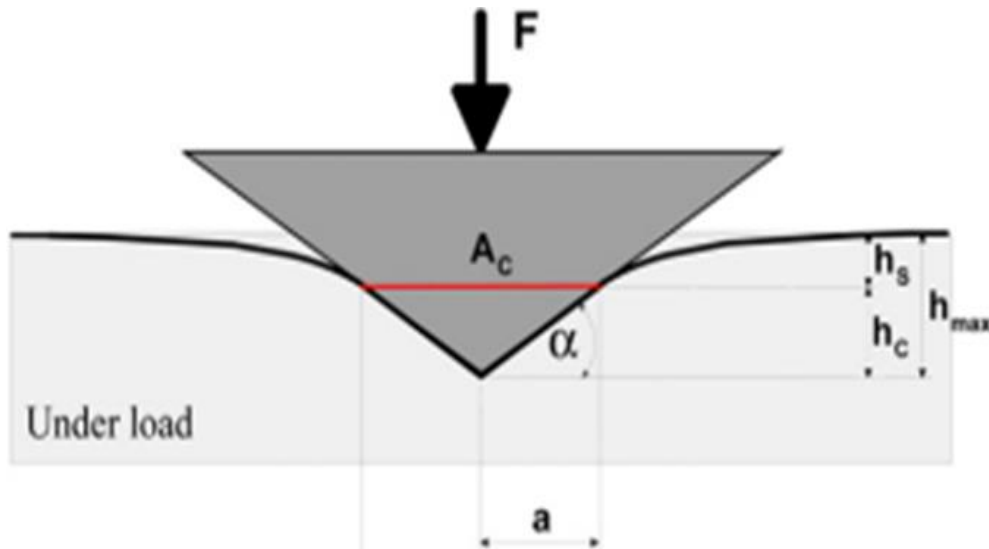
Grant Giorgi

Drop Testing



Nick Vastano

Drop Testing

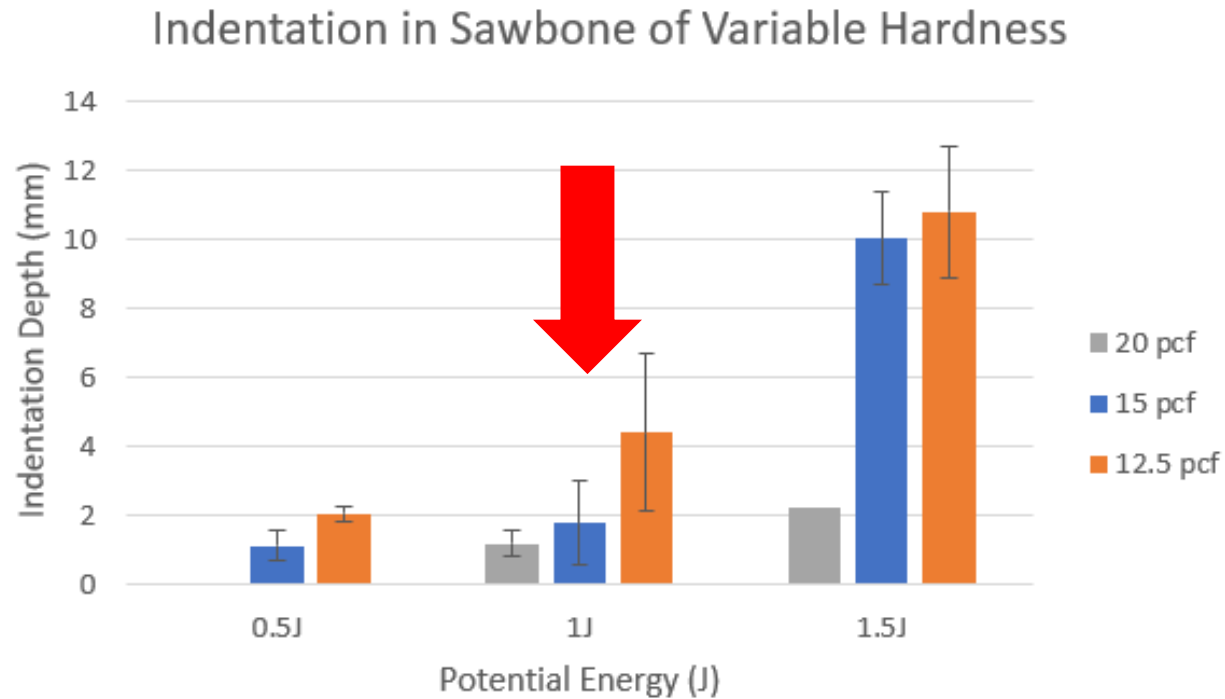


$$F = \frac{2}{\pi} \cdot \frac{E^*}{\tan \alpha} \cdot h^m, \quad \text{where}$$
$$E^* = \frac{E}{(1 - \nu^2)} \quad \text{and} \quad m = 2$$

- F : Force ($176.9 \pm 10\%$ N)
- E^* : Young's Modulus of sawbone related to Poisson's ratio
- ν : Poisson's ratio for polyurethane foam = 0.25
- α : Angle of incidence (78 Degrees)
- h : Indentation depth

Nick Vastano

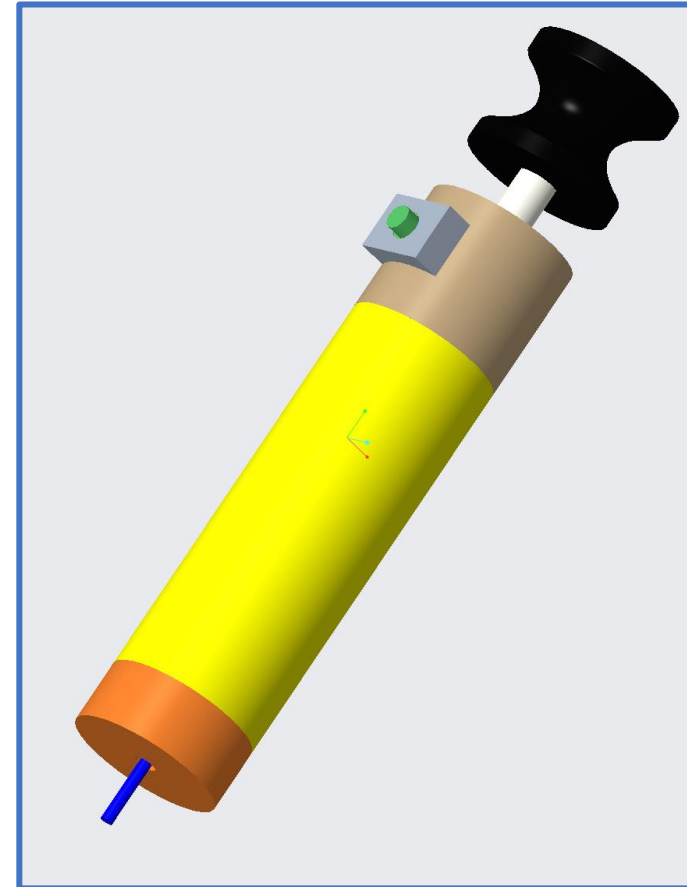
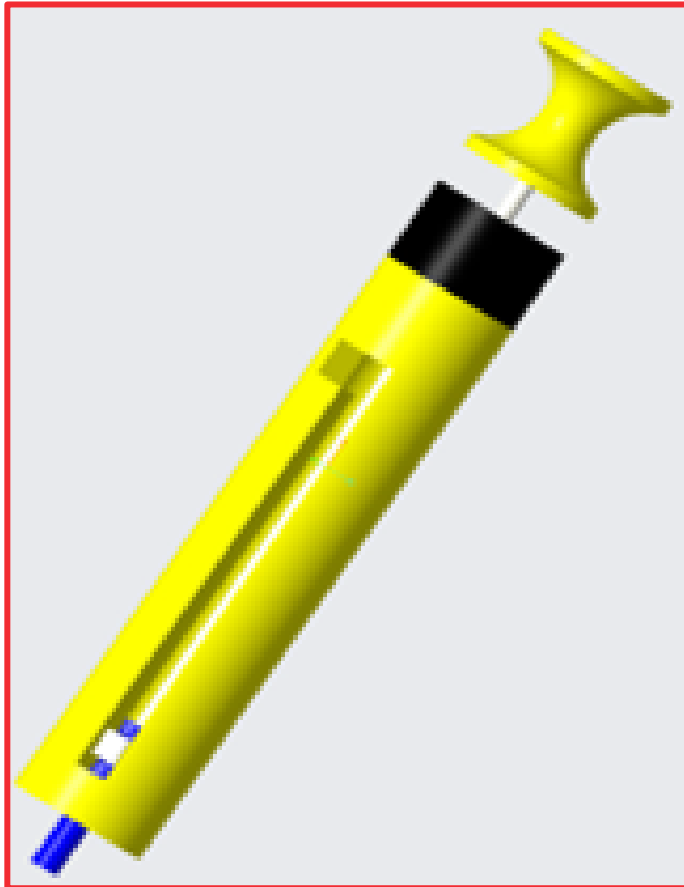
Flat Point Testing



- $PE = \frac{1}{2} * kx^2$
- Largest indentation depth at 1.5J
 - 15 vs 12.5 PCF
- No indentation of 20 PCF at 0.5J

Abrea Green

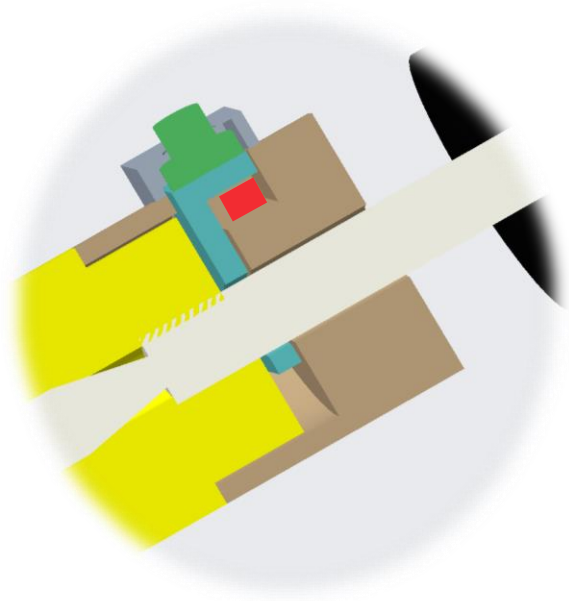
Design Refinement



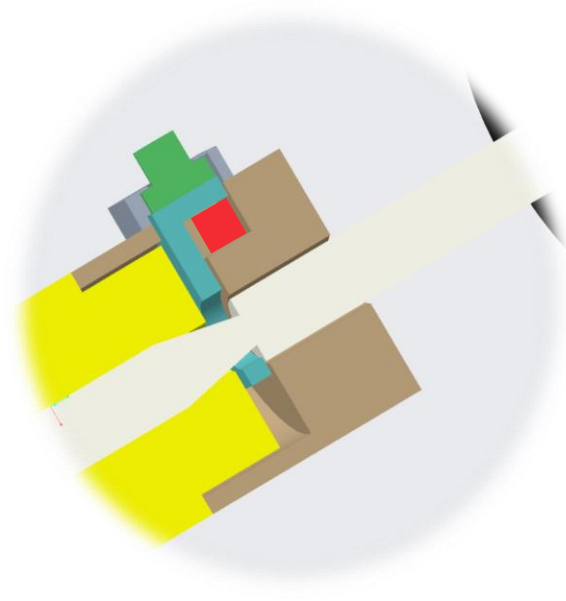
Tessany Schou

Current Method of Release

Free Position



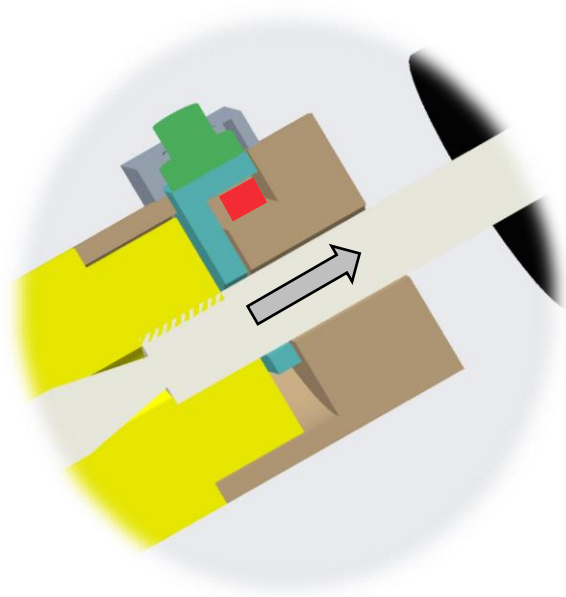
Locked Position



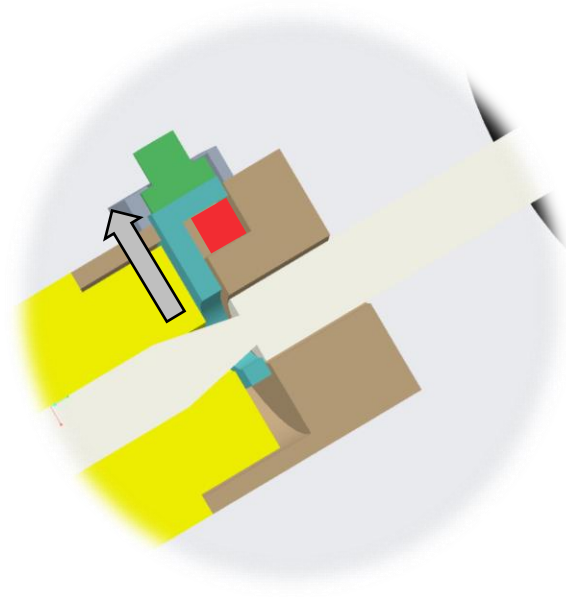
Tessany Schou

Current Method of Release

Free Position

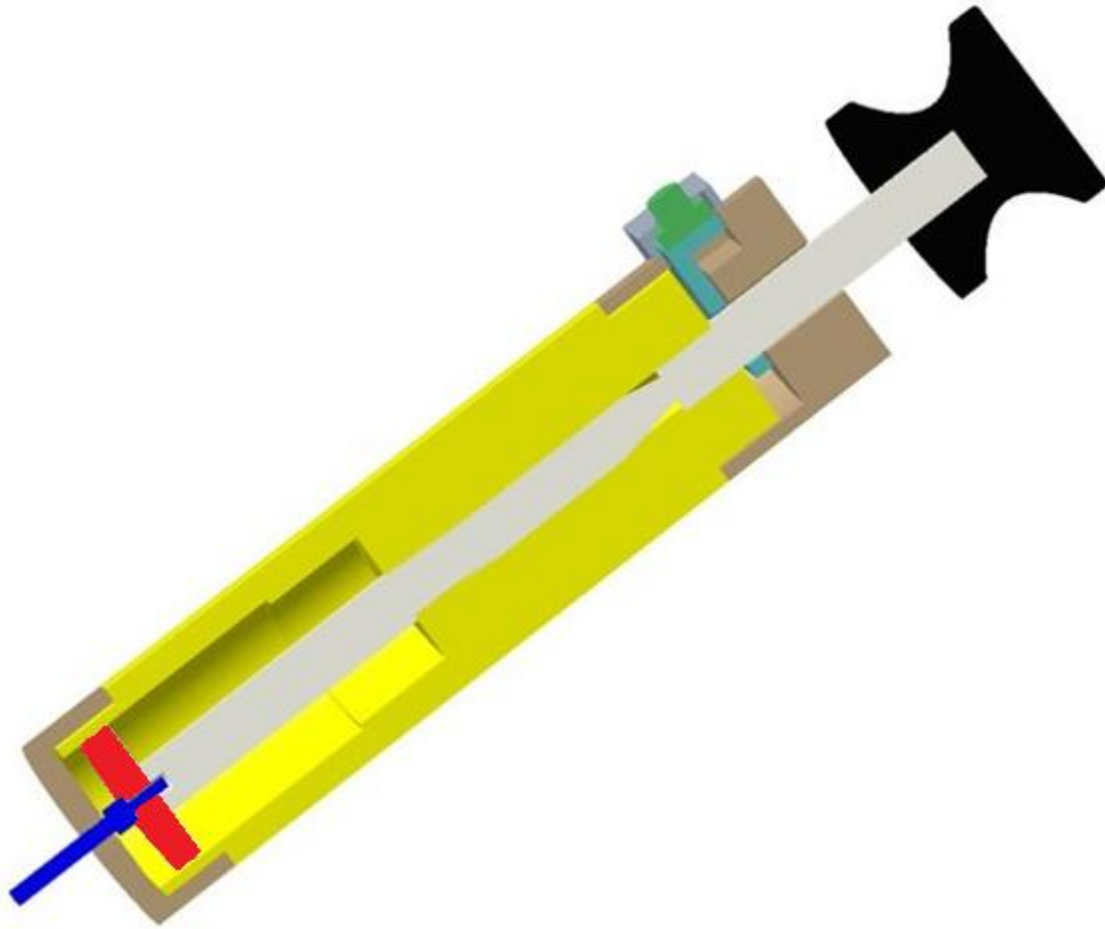


Locked Position



Tessany Schou

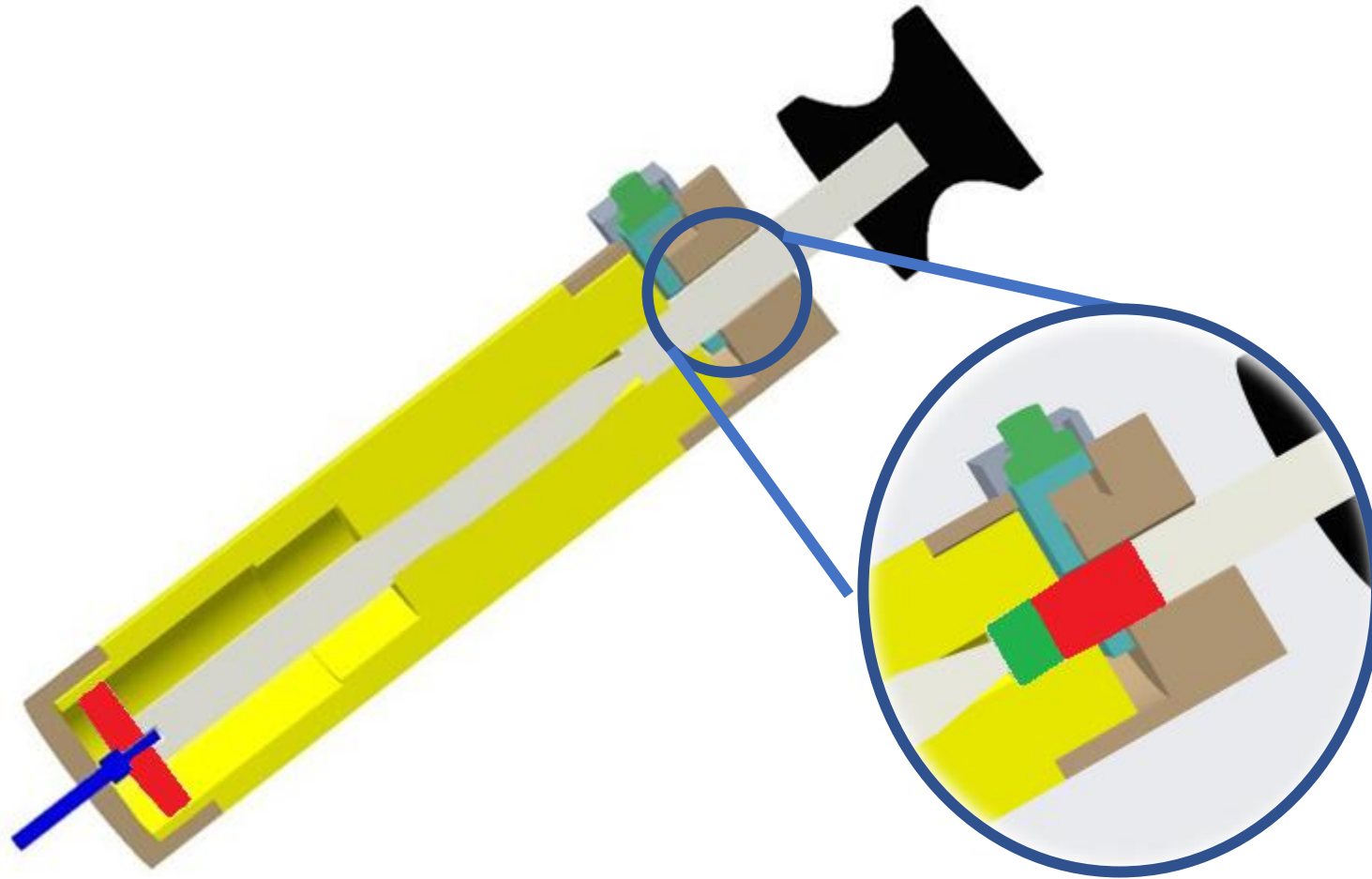
Internal Design



- Visit to Machine shop
 - Feedback on design
- Changes
 - Removable tip
 - "Washer"
 - Sealing
 - Welding

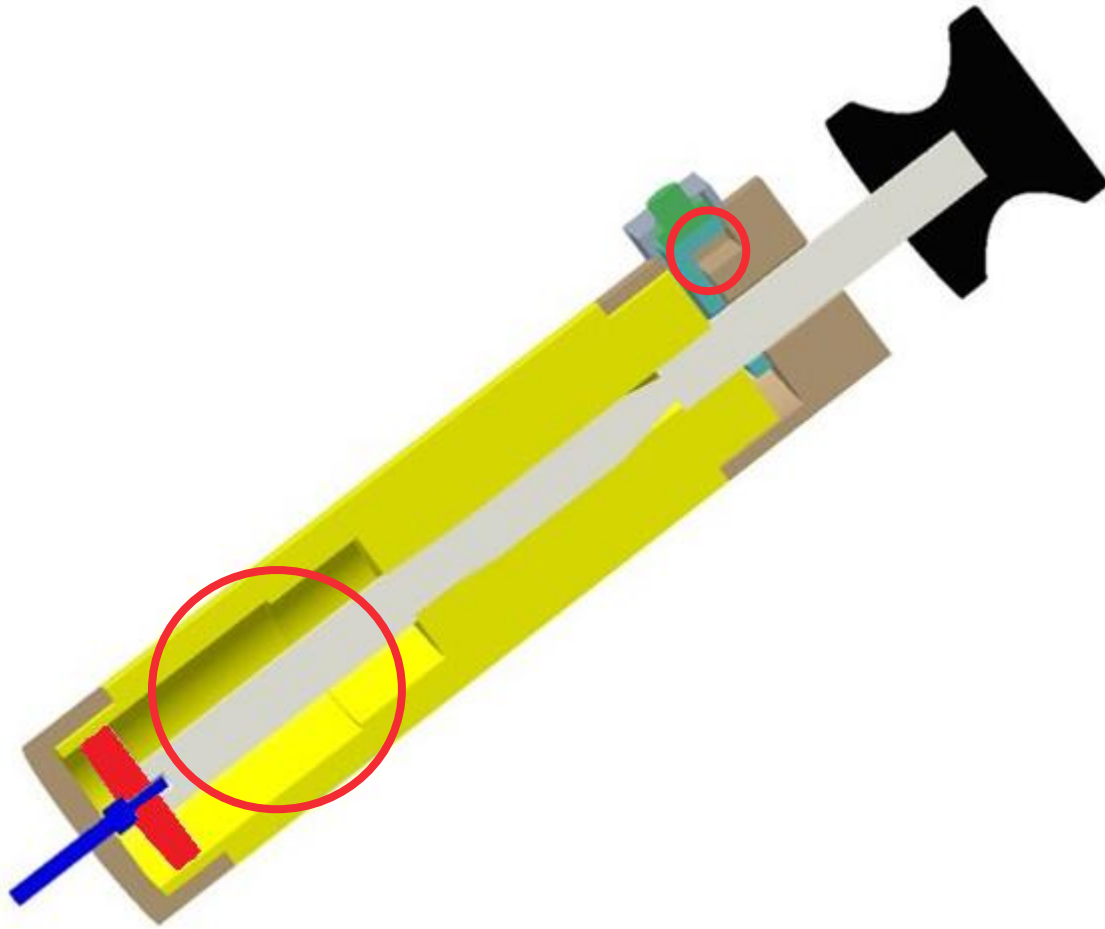
Timothy Surface

Readout



Timothy Surface

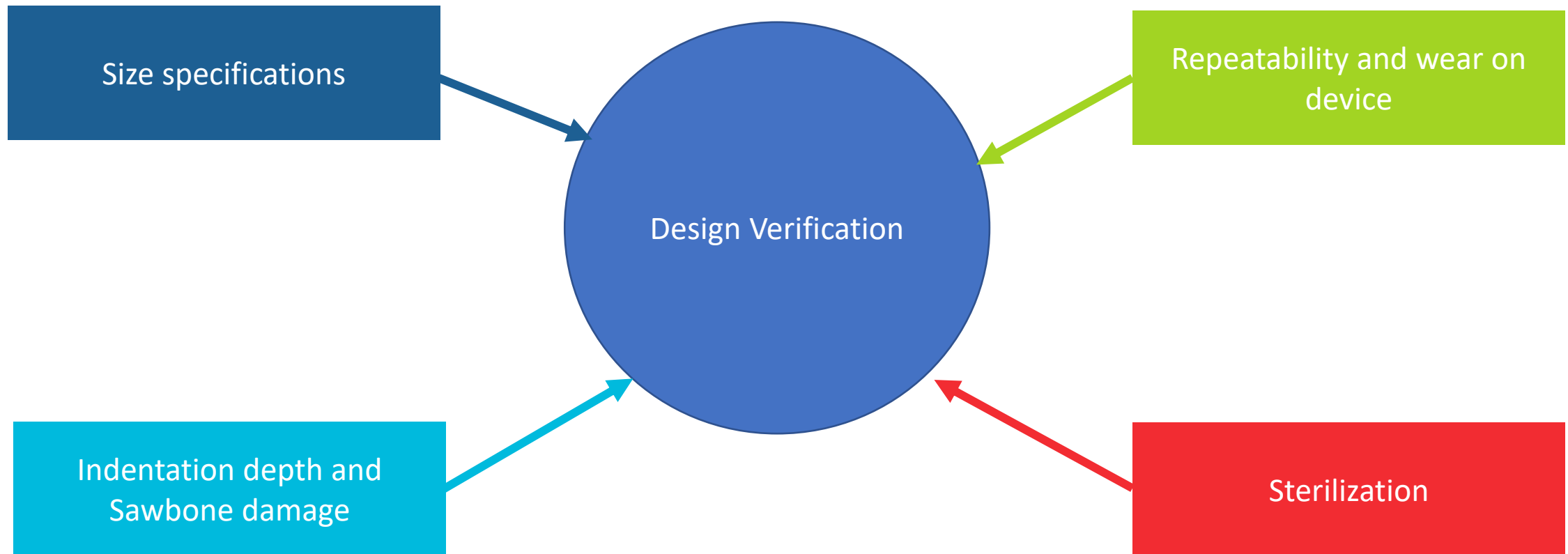
Components and Ordering



- Housing and Caps
- Rod
- Tip
- Button Components
- Spring

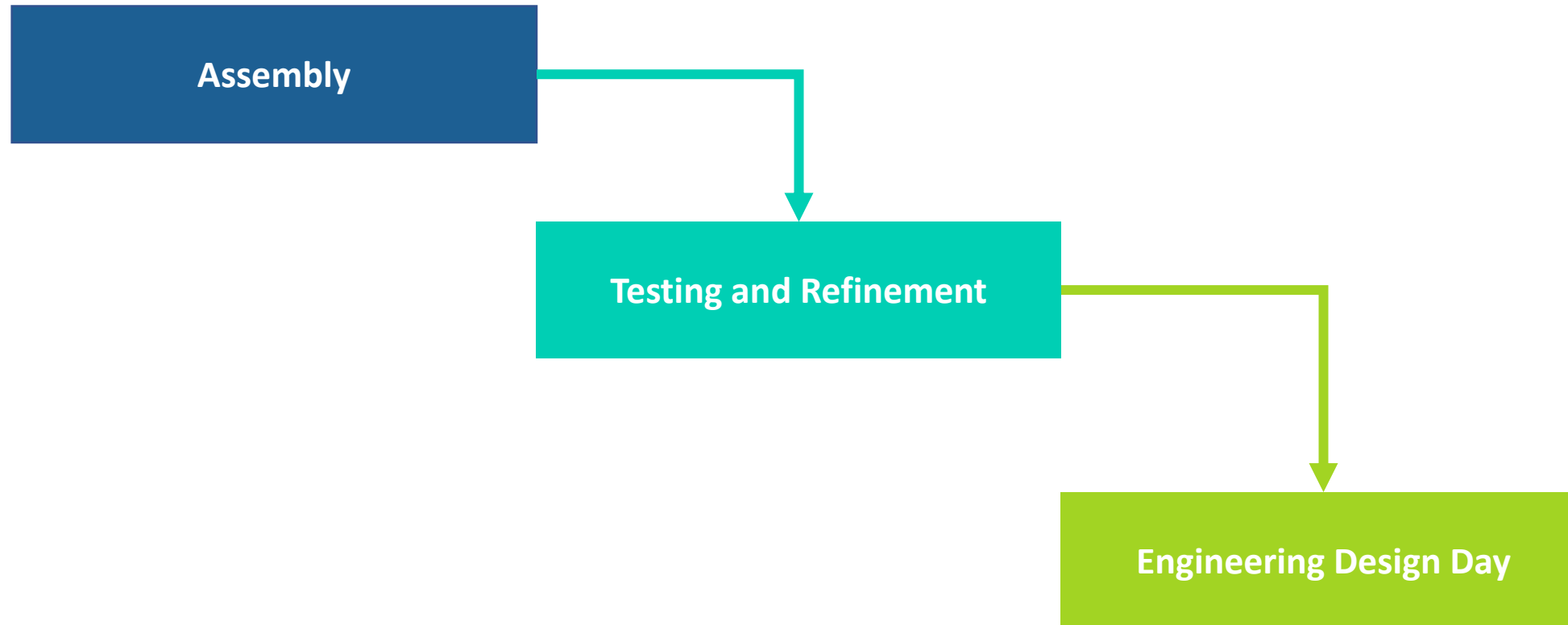
Timothy Surface

Validation Testing



Timothy Surface

Looking Ahead



Timothy Surface &
Grant Giorgi

4 Most Important Points

1. Project is to develop a device to measure bone quality.
2. Machined parts are finished.
3. Assembly is in progress.
4. Moving to complete validation testing next week.

Timothy Surface



Reference

Anastasio, Okafor, C., Garrigues, G. E., Klifto, C. S., Lassiter, T., & Anakwenze, O. (2021). Stemmed versus stemless total shoulder arthroplasty: a comparison of operative times. *Seminars in Arthroplasty*, 31(4), 831–835.
<https://doi.org/10.1053/j.sart.2021.05.013>

Jordan D. Walters, S. F. B. (n.d.). *Anatomic total shoulder arthroplasty with a stemless humeral component - Jordan D. Walters, Stephen F. Brockmeier, 2021*. SAGE Journals. Retrieved October 15, 2021, from <https://journals.sagepub.com/doi/10.1177/2635025421997126>.

Meeting with Tom Vanasse. (2021, October 4). personal.

Reeves, J. M., Vanasse, T., & Langohr, G. D. G. (2021). (working paper). *Indentation Depth as an Objective Supplement to Surgeon ‘Thumb Testing.’* ORS.

Reeves, J. M., Vanasse, T., Roche, C., Athwal, G. S., Johnson, J. A., Faber, K., & Langohr, D. G. (2017). *Proximal Humeral Density Correlations: Are We “Thumb Testing” in the Right Spot?* ORS.

Timothy Surface

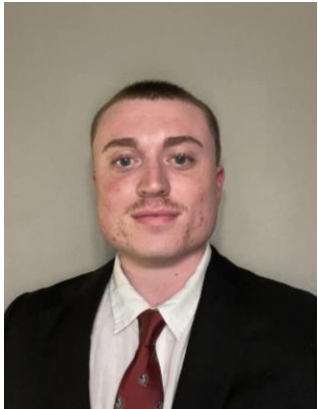
Reference

Zdravkovic, Kaufmann, R., Neels, A., Dommann, A., Hofmann, J., & Jost, B. (2020). Bone mineral density, mechanical properties, and trabecular orientation of cancellous bone within humeral heads affected by advanced shoulder arthropathy. *Journal of Orthopaedic Research*, 38(9), 1914–1919.
<https://doi.org/10.1002/jor.24633>

Timothy Surface



Contact the Team



Grant Giorgi
gpg18d@my.fsu.edu



Erin Petkus
eap18@my.fsu.edu



Timothy Surface
tjs11f@my.fsu.edu



Abrea Green
Amg18e@my.fsu.edu



Tessany Schou
tas18d@my.fsu.edu



Nicholas Vastano
njv18b@my.fsu.edu