

Temperature Sensitive Medication Storage During Natural Disaster



Team Introductions

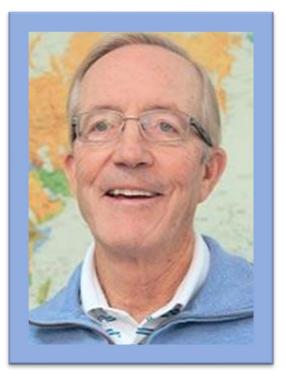


Zoe Dillehay Systems Integration Engineer Travis Amaral Project Manager & Research Engineer

Nick Georgevich Design Engineer Keon Glass Entrepreneurial Leader & Research Engineer Diego Mendoza Electrical Engineer Andrew Sayers Quality Control Engineer



Sponsors



Dr. Michael Devine

- Entrepreneur in Residence and an Adjunct Professor at FAMU-FSU College of Engineering
- Ph.D. in Mechanical Engineering (Operations Research)





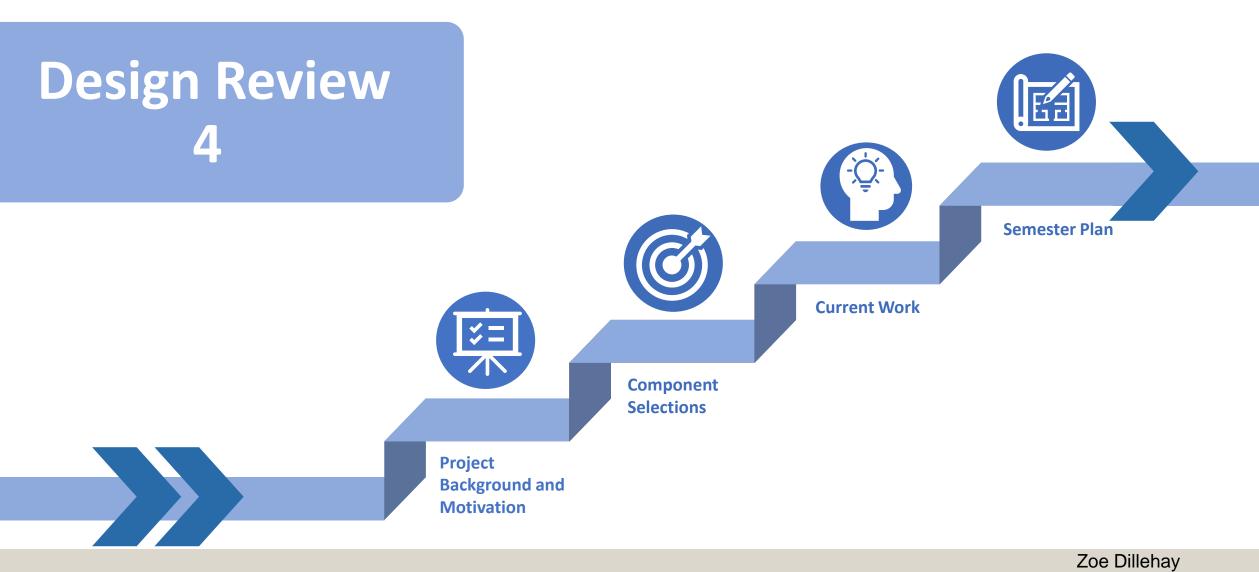
Advisor



Dr. Shayne McConomy

- Teaching instructor at FAMU-FSU College of Engineering
- Ph.D. in Automotive Engineering











Our objective is to develop a device that stores and maintains the quality of temperature sensitive medication in the event of a natural disaster that causes mass power outages



6

Background and Motivation

During large scale natural disasters, diabetes related deaths skyrocket

One University of South Florida study suggests increase of elderly diabetes related deaths up to 40% ^[1]

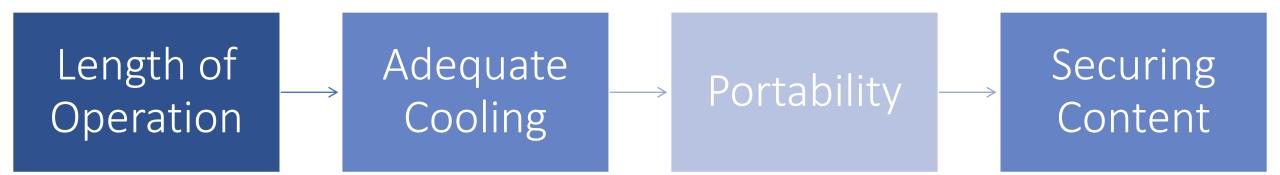


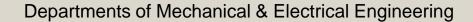
Insulin requires temperatures between 2°C and 8°C (35°F and 46°F)

[1] Quast, T., et al. (2019). Long-Term Effects of Disasters on Seniors With Diabetes: Evidence From Hurricanes Katrina and Rita.











Targets and Metrics

TARGET

METRIC

Maintain appropriate temperature for 14 days

Temperature maintained between 2°C to 8°C

Accommodate a 30-day supply of insulin

No broken vials or pens

- ----- Conduct 14-day test using attached power system
- Read temperature using thermocouple
 - → Successfully fit 3 insulin vials/pens
 - Ensure all pens/vials are intact throughout testing

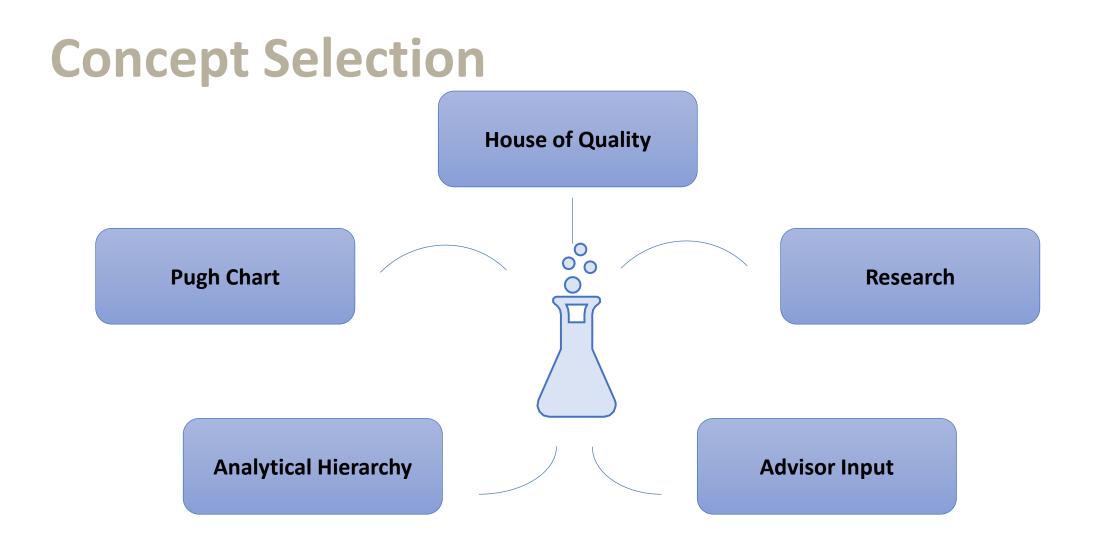


Concept Generation

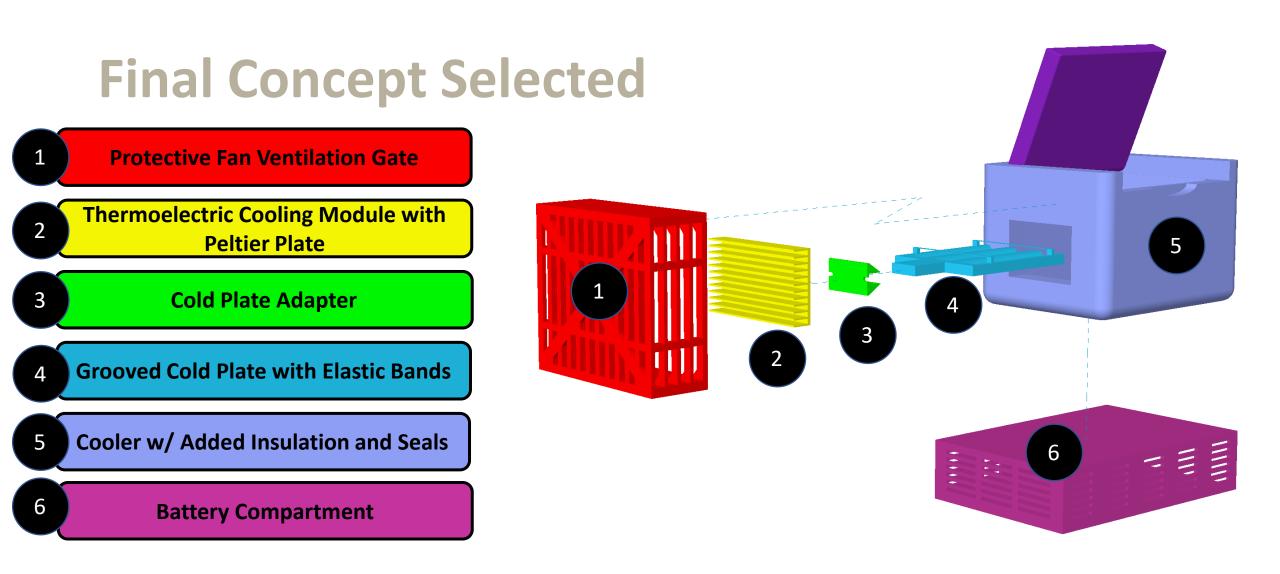
- 1) Bottom mounted conductive Peltier plate
- 2) Side mounted conductive Peltier plate
- 3) Conductive Tunnel System
- 4) Conductive liquid heat exchanger
- 5) Side mounted convective Peltier plate
- 6) Alternating liquid compressor with Peltier plate
- 7) Aluminum mesh conductive Peltier plate
- 8) Mechanically powered thermoelectric cooler

```
fans opening fully
  cooling stored
                     hard
                    battery
   plastic
 fluid
        cooler
                        sealed
create
         owered
                            inside
  flaps
                  heat
area
                            abric
 cool
container
       airconductive
   large
       peltiermodule
                    plates
```











12

Preliminary Testing

Possible changes:

- Temperature gradient along cold plate
- Potential for rearranging placement or addition of TEC module
- Heat given off from the batteries

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Container



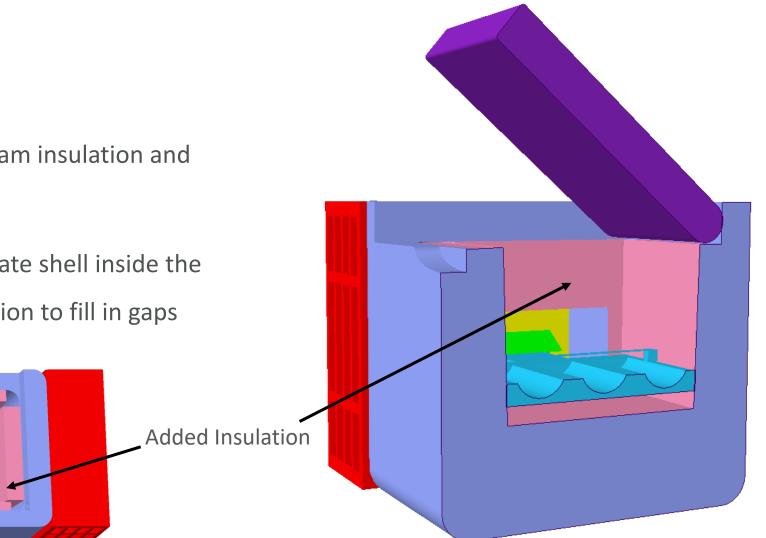
- 5 Quart FlipLid[™] Cooler
- Durable (hard plastic)
- Lightweight (weight: 0.75 kilograms)
- Easy to handle
- Easily contains added insulation and cooling plate (volume: 560 in³)
- Sufficient storage space for 3 vials/pens of medicine
- Inexpensive



Travis Amaral

Insulation

- Combination of spray foam insulation and solid board insulation
- Board insulation will create shell inside the cooler with foam insulation to fill in gaps





Solar Panel

- Rockpals 60W Foldable Solar Panel
- Foldable/Portable
- Relatively lightweight (weight: 9 lbs)
- Reliable source of energy production
- May need solar charge controller depending on battery





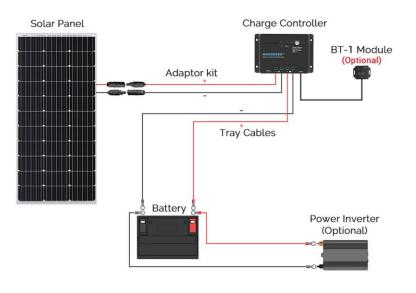
Solar Charge Controller

WANDERER LI 30A PWM CHARGE CONTROLLER

- Increases battery life and improves system performance
- Optimized 12V system



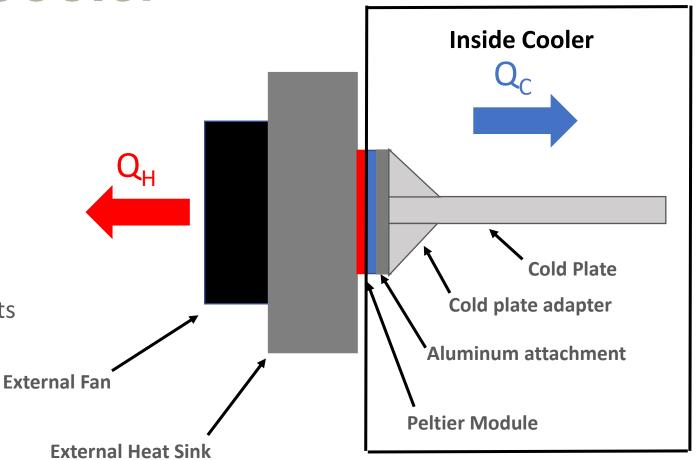
SETUP DIAGRAM





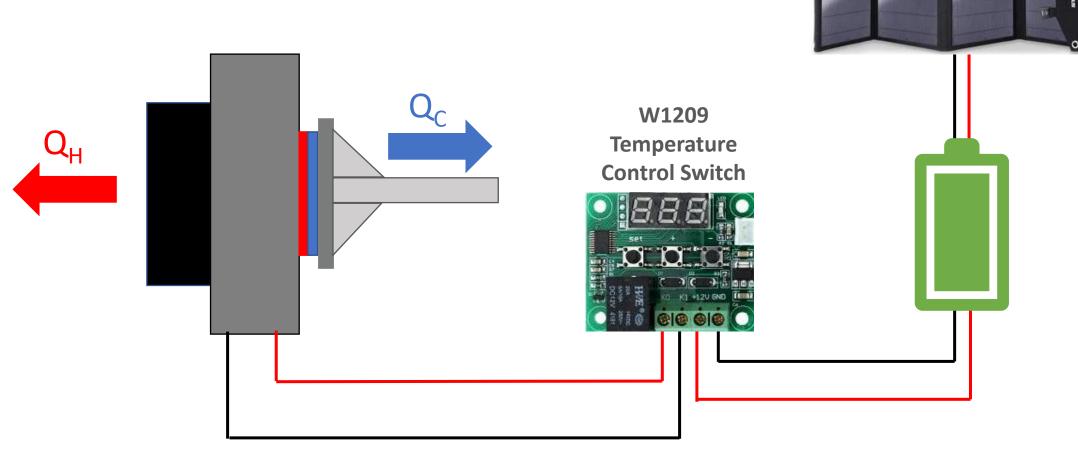
Thermoelectric Cooler

- Existing TEC module
- Proven to function well for this purpose
- Use of existing cold plate and cold plate adapter
- If not sufficient, order/fabricate new parts





Temperature Control

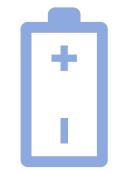












Method of Securing Medication

Second Seal for Lid

Battery and Placement



20

Andrew Sayers

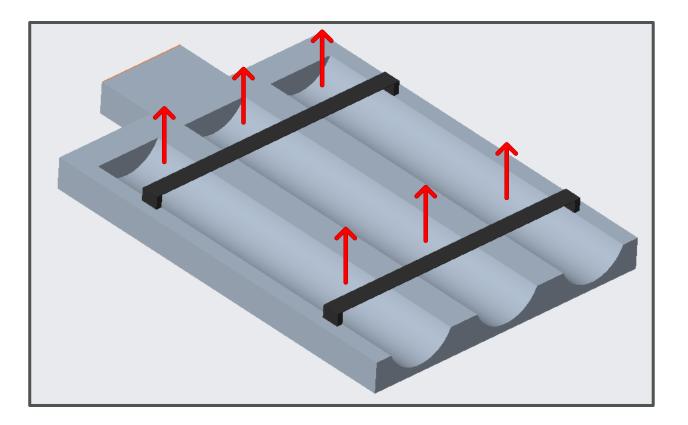
Securing Mechanism: Elastic Bands

PROS

- Insert/extract motions are similar
- Simple design

CONS

- Possible brittle failure in cold temperatures
- All pens and vials would need to be of similar diameter





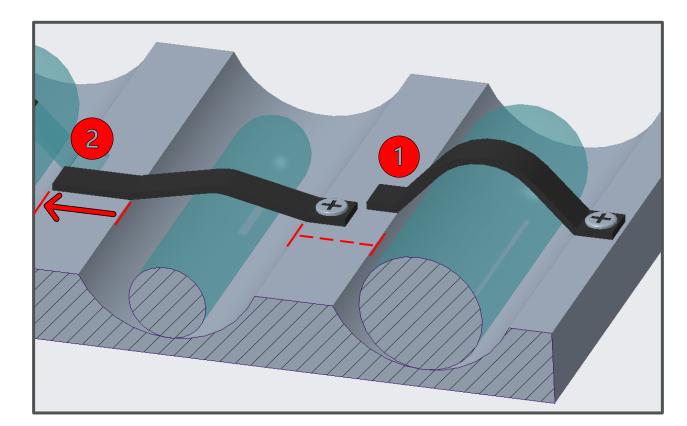
Securing Mechanism: Magnetic Straps

PROS

- Strong enough to hold medication, weak enough to pull with ease
- Accommodates pen diameters ranging 10-20 mm

CONS

- Potential difficulty resecuring straps
- Aluminum cooling plate would require additional magnetic inserts/attachments





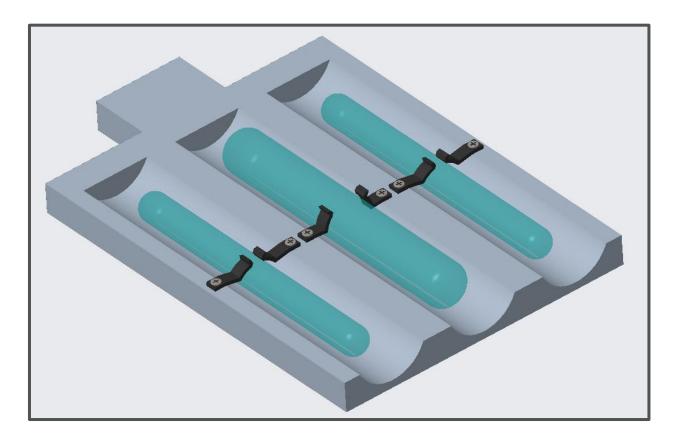
Securing Mechanism: Clasps

PROS

- Plastic clasps fitted with inner layer of foam for protection
- Simplest insert/extract motions

CONS

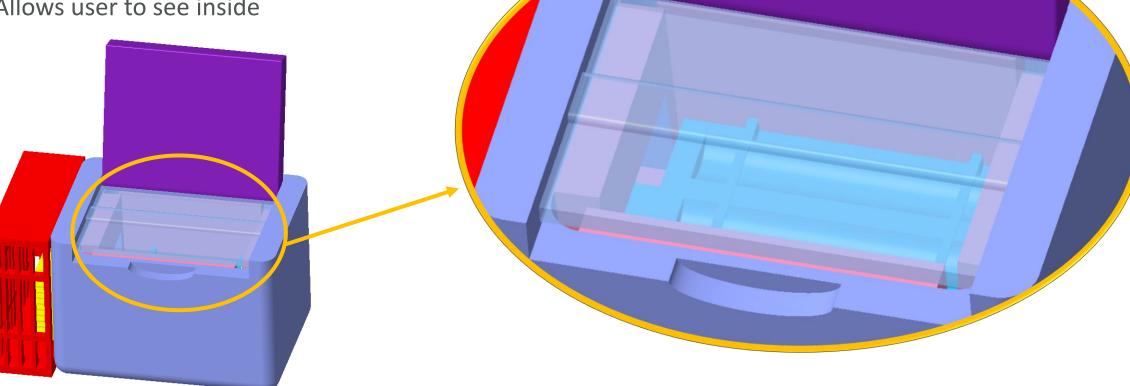
- Potential for brittle failure due to cold and fatigue
- Difficulty sizing clasps properly





Second Seal Idea 1

- Clear Vinyl overlapping from both sides
- Allows user to see inside

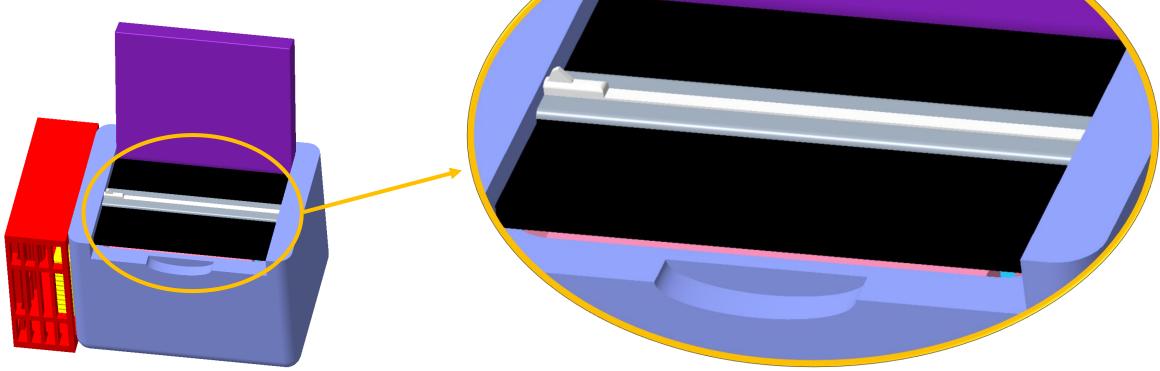




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Second Seal Idea 2

- Rubber with zipper in the middle
- Seals cold air better but cannot see inside





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Batteries

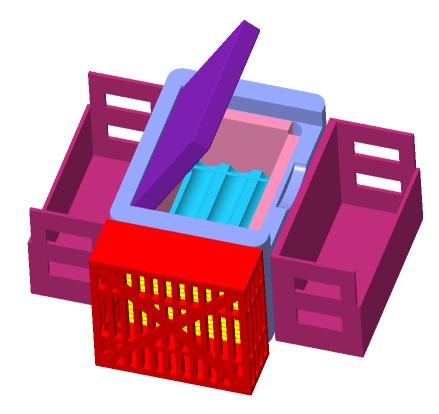
- TalentCell Lithium Battery 12V/ 11000 mAh
 - Would require a solar charger
 - Small enough to be packaged with cooler
- Jackery Explorer 240 Portable Power Station
 - Doesn't require solar charger
 - Much larger, cannot be packaged with cooler

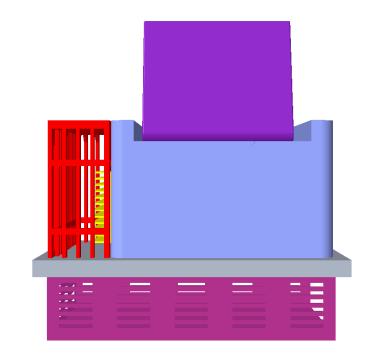






Battery Placement Ideas







Andrew Sayers

