

Personal Hydroelectric Generator

Team 7

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Team 7

Background

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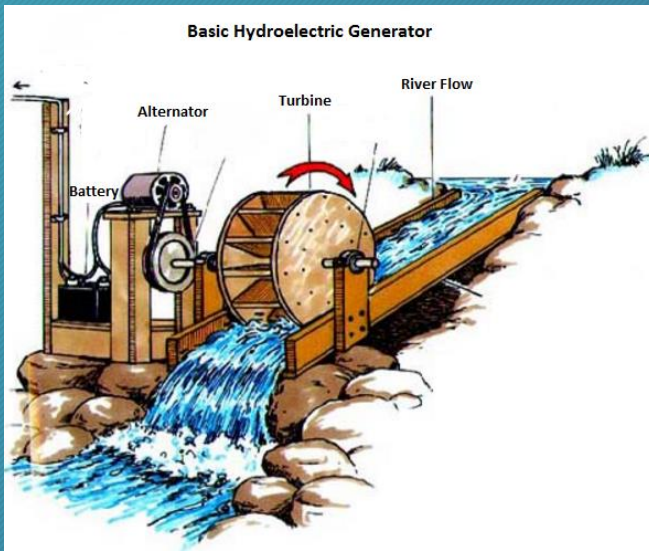


Fig. 1 - Basic Hydroelectric Generator

- Takes kinetic energy of flowing water and converts it to electrical energy
- Flowing water spins turbine which spins alternator which charges battery
- Process is more environmentally friendly than traditional methods
- Also better than building a hydroelectric dam which destroys the river below it
- Drawback is that not nearly as much electric potential is stored as in other methods

Presentation Overview

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Mission

- Scope
- Need and Goal Statements
- Target Market
- Objectives
- Constraints
- HOQ

Design Method

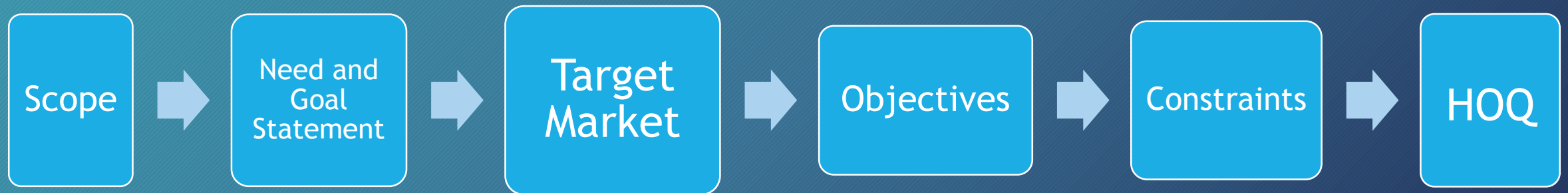
- Decision Matrices
- Designs
- Mechanical component overview
- Electrical component overview

Future Plans and Entrepreneurial aspects

- Entrepreneurial senior design
- Business Model Canvas
- Potential Challenges
- Future Plans

Project Mission

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Problem Scope

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This project will consist of creating a marketable power generation system that not only harnesses power from flowing water but is also portable. These generators will create a realistic means of providing sustainable power to anywhere there is flowing water.

Needs Statement & Goal Statement

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- Need Statement:

“People in remote locations do not have access to electricity for powering their electrical devices.”

- Goal Statement:

“Develop a portable device that transforms organic kinetic energy into usable electricity.”

Target Market

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Objectives

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- Produce enough power to satisfy the need our target consumers.
 - Supplemental emergency power generation.
 - Environmentally conscious recreational camper.
 - Rurally indigenous communities.
- Minimize weight to ensure portability
 - Modular design
- Environmentally friendly
- Fast and simple assembly and disassembly

Project Constraints

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Weight

<100lb

Noise Level

<50 dB

Waterproof

Protect
electrical
components

Safe and
Reliable

Little
environmental
and human
impact

Generate
Electricity

In order to
charge a
battery

Budget

\$1,500

River Flow Characteristics

The velocity used for all calculations concerning our design will be based off the average of these 5 velocities located in different geological coordinates around our initial target market.

$$V = 3.75 \text{ ft/s}$$

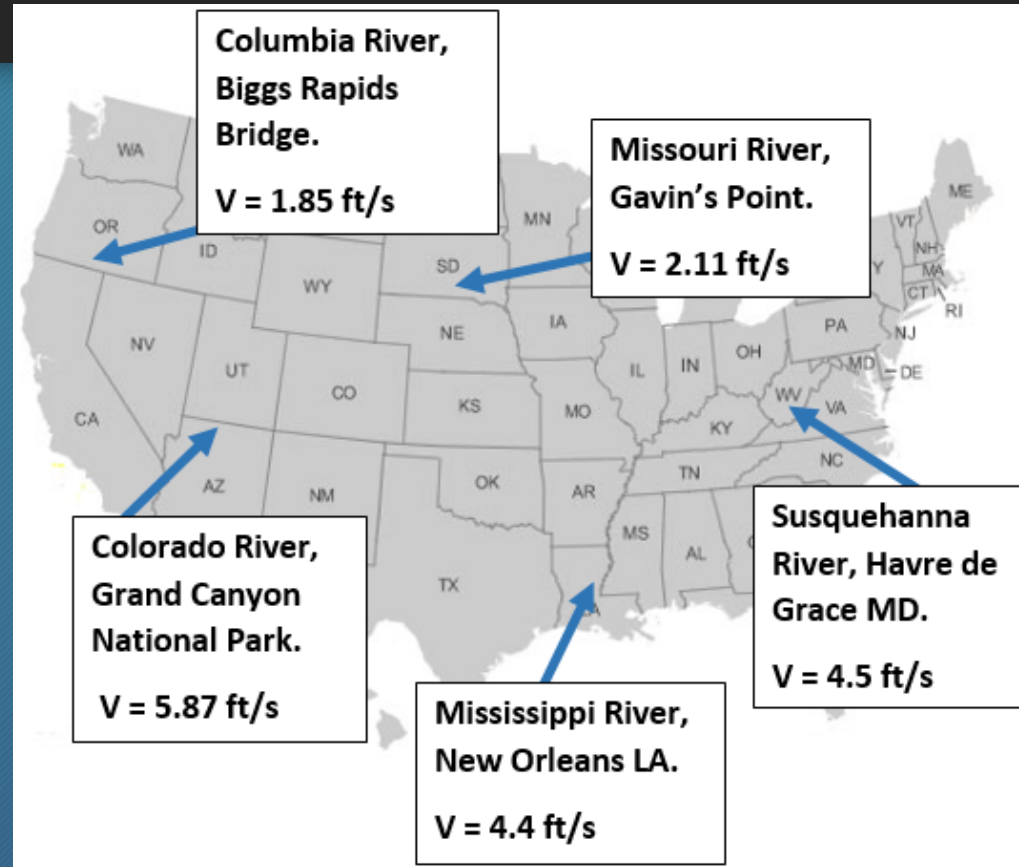


Fig. 2 - River Flow Across the Country

Power of Water

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- The amount of power available in flowing water is defined in the following equation:

$$P = 1/2 \xi \rho A v^3$$

- Turbine efficiency(ξ) is a measure of how much energy is transferred from the water to the blades
 - 100% efficiency means that all of the water's energy was transferred to the turbine (i.e. water velocity is zero after impacting turbine)
 - Actual values range from 10% - 30%

| Radius of Turbine (m) | Power (10% Eff) (Watts) | Power (20% Eff) (Watts) | Power (30% Eff) (Watts) |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 0.10 | 2.344 | 4.688 | 7.032 |
| 0.20 | 9.377 | 18.753 | 28.130 |
| 0.30 | 21.097 | 42.194 | 63.292 |
| 0.40 | 37.506 | 75.012 | 112.518 |
| 0.50 | 58.603 | 117.207 | 175.810 |
| 0.60 | 84.389 | 168.777 | 253.166 |
| 0.70 | 114.862 | 229.725 | 344.587 |
| 0.80 | 150.024 | 300.049 | 450.073 |
| 0.90 | 189.875 | 379.749 | 569.624 |
| 1.00 | 234.413 | 468.826 | 703.239 |

Table 1 - Power of Flowing Water

Customer Discovery Survey

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- If the generator could sustain all your lighting needs, run a small refrigerator, or power any TV, how much would you spend?
- Where would you mainly use this item?
- What is the most important from the following: Power Output, Price, Durability or Size?
- How likely are you to buy a hydroelectric generator if it meets your needs?

Survey Results

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| | | | | |
|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| If a generator could sustain all your lighting needs, run a small refrigerator, or power any TV, how much would you spend? | 5 | 5 | 15 | 6 |
| | Camping | Hunting | Cabin | Fishing Trip |
| Where would you mainly use this item? | 13 | 16 | 4 | 10 |
| | Power Output | Price | Durability | Size |
| What is the most important from the following: Power Output, Price, Durability or Size? | 8 | 5 | 10 | 8 |
| | Would buy | Might buy it | Wouldn't buy | I don't know |
| How likely are you to buy a hydroelectric generator if it meets your needs? | 14 | 5 | 4 | 8 |

- \$550 to \$750
- Hunting
- Durability
- Would Buy

Table 2 - Survey Results

House of Quality

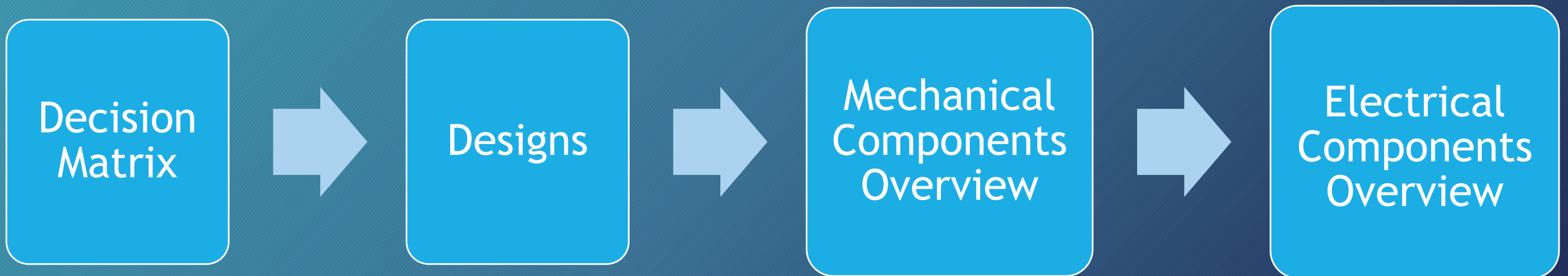
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| Engineering Characteristics → | | Rate of Power Generation | Cost | Weight of Device | Stream Lined Profile | Power Output Efficiency | Mechanical Complexity | User Friendly | Selling Points |
|-------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------|------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|----------------|
| Customer requirements | Importance to Customer | | | | | | | | |
| Functionality | 5 | 10 | 5 | 2 | 9 | 10 | 5 | 4 | 225 |
| Easy to Operate | 3 | | | | | | 6 | 10 | 64 |
| Light Weight | 4 | 7 | 7 | 10 | 4 | | 3 | 8 | 117 |
| Compact | 4 | 6 | 2 | 8 | 6 | 2 | 6 | 8 | 114 |
| Price | 2 | 4 | 10 | 5 | | 6 | 8 | 3 | 144 |
| Durability | 3 | | 7 | 3 | 1 | 5 | 6 | 2 | 120 |
| Aesthetically pleasing | 1 | | 4 | | 8 | | | | 48 |
| Maintenance | 3 | | 3 | 5 | 2 | | 5 | 8 | 92 |
| Importance Weighting | | 110 | 115 | 116 | 102 | 85 | 128 | 150 | |

Fig. 3 - House of Quality
Team 7 - Bowles

Design Overview

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Decision Matrices

Turbine (Hydrokinetic)

| Criteria | Importance | Francis | Kaplan | Hydrokinetic |
|-------------------|------------|---------|--------|--------------|
| | Rating | | | |
| Weight | 3 | 2 | 3 | 5 |
| Cost | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 |
| Manufacturability | 3 | 2 | 2 | 4 |
| Durability | 4 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| Efficiency | 4 | 3 | 3 | 5 |
| Total | | 38 | 43 | 65 |

Fig. 4 - Turbine Decision Matrix

Housing (PVC Duct)

| Criteria | Importance | Carbon Fiber | Polycarbonate | PVC Duct |
|-------------------|------------|--------------|---------------|----------|
| | Rating | | | |
| Weight | 4 | 4 | 4 | 3 |
| Cost | 3 | 1 | 2 | 4 |
| Durability | 2 | 4 | 4 | 3 |
| Manufacturability | 4 | 2 | 2 | 4 |
| Total | | 35 | 38 | 46 |

Fig. 5 - Housing Decision Matrix

Alternator (AC)

| Criteria | Importance | DC Generator | AC Alternator |
|------------|------------|--------------|---------------|
| | Rating | | |
| Weight | 3 | 2 | 3 |
| Cost | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| Safety | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Durability | 3 | 2 | 4 |
| Efficiency | 4 | 2 | 3 |
| Total | | 35 | 48 |

Fig. 6 - Alternator Decision Matrix

Conceptual Design

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- Turbine Selection:
 - Hydrokinetic Turbine
- Battery Selection:
 - Sold separately
- Alternator Selection:
 - Brushless permanent magnet alternator (PMA)
- Anchoring Selection:
 - Land-based cantilever system with possible upstream tension anchor point

Initial Design

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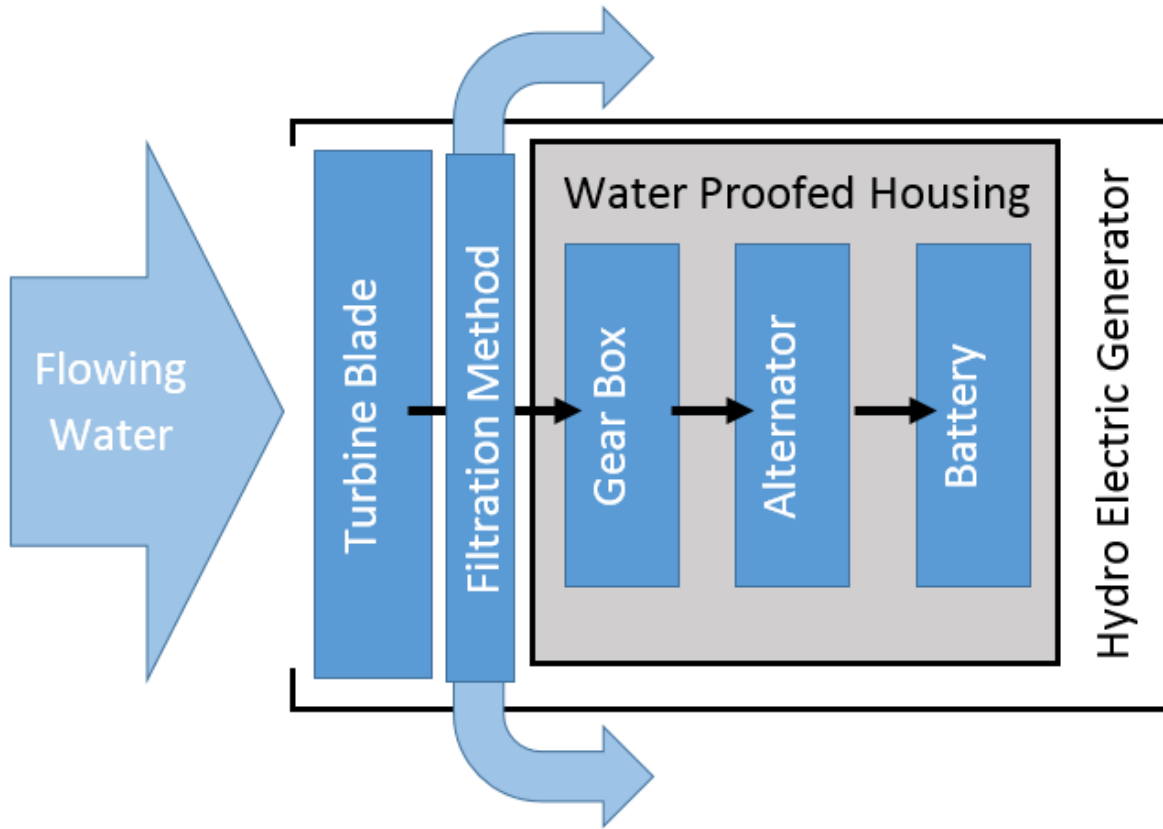


Fig. 7 - Design Flowchart

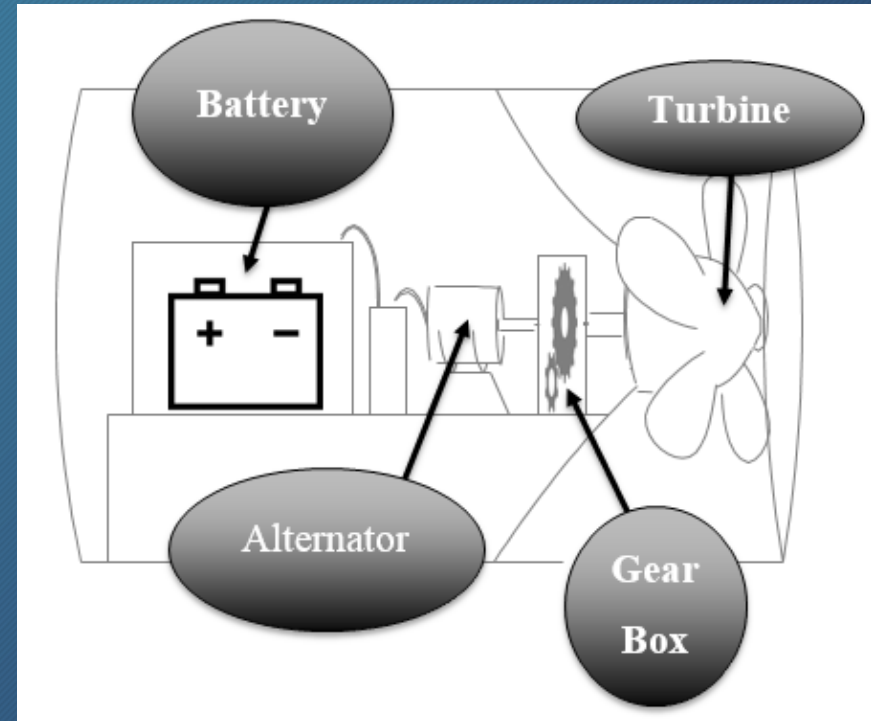


Fig. 8 - Design Overview

Revised Design

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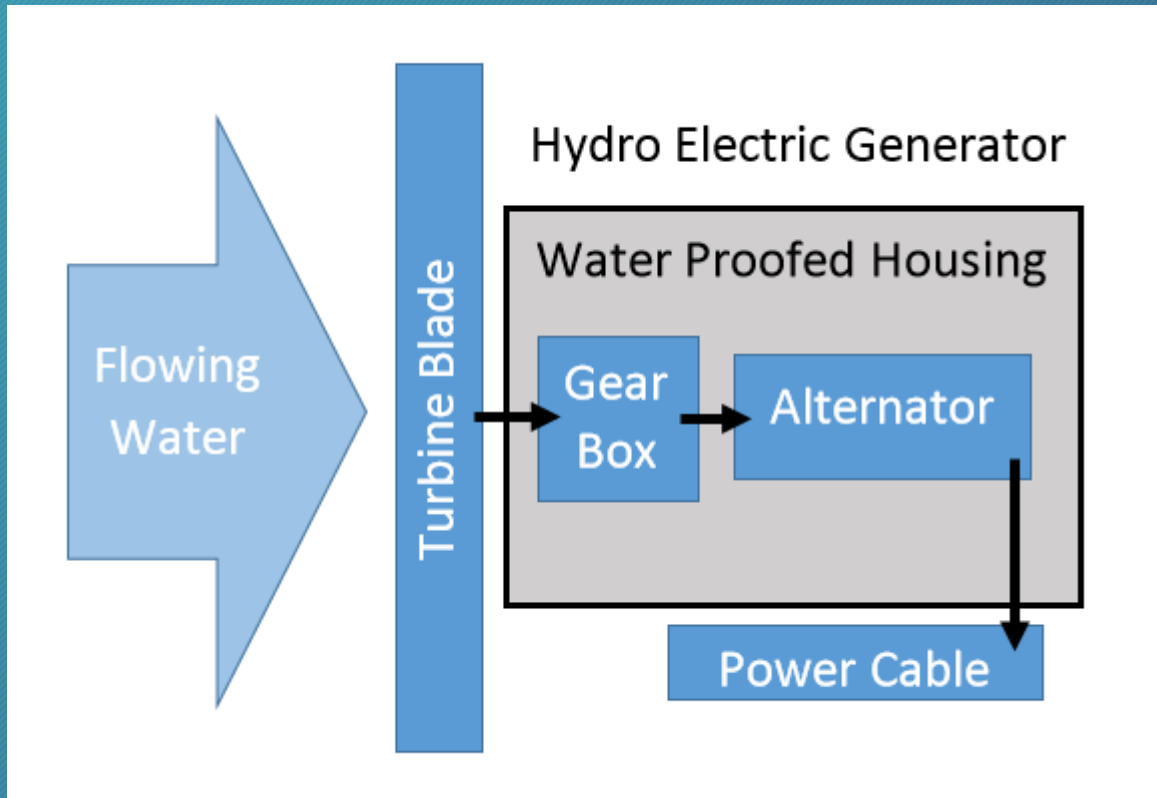


Fig. 9 - Revised Design Flowchart

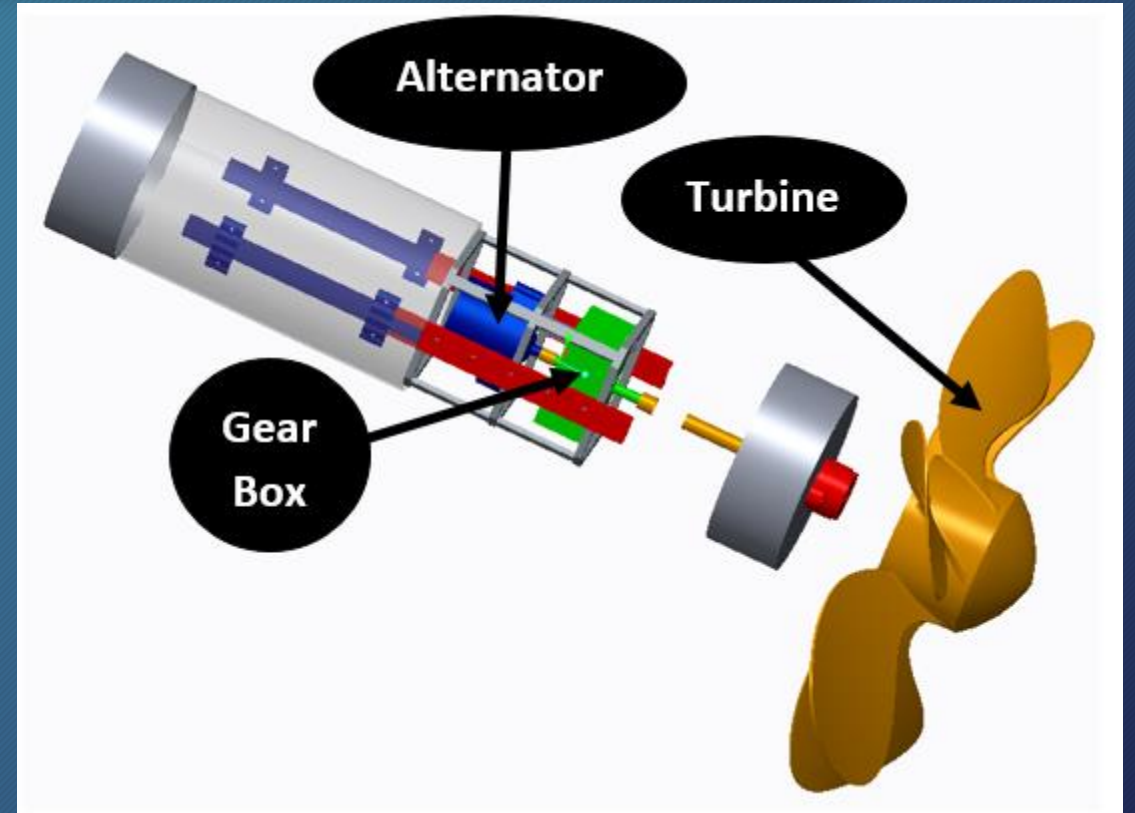


Fig. 10 - Revised Design Overview

Detailed CAD Schematic

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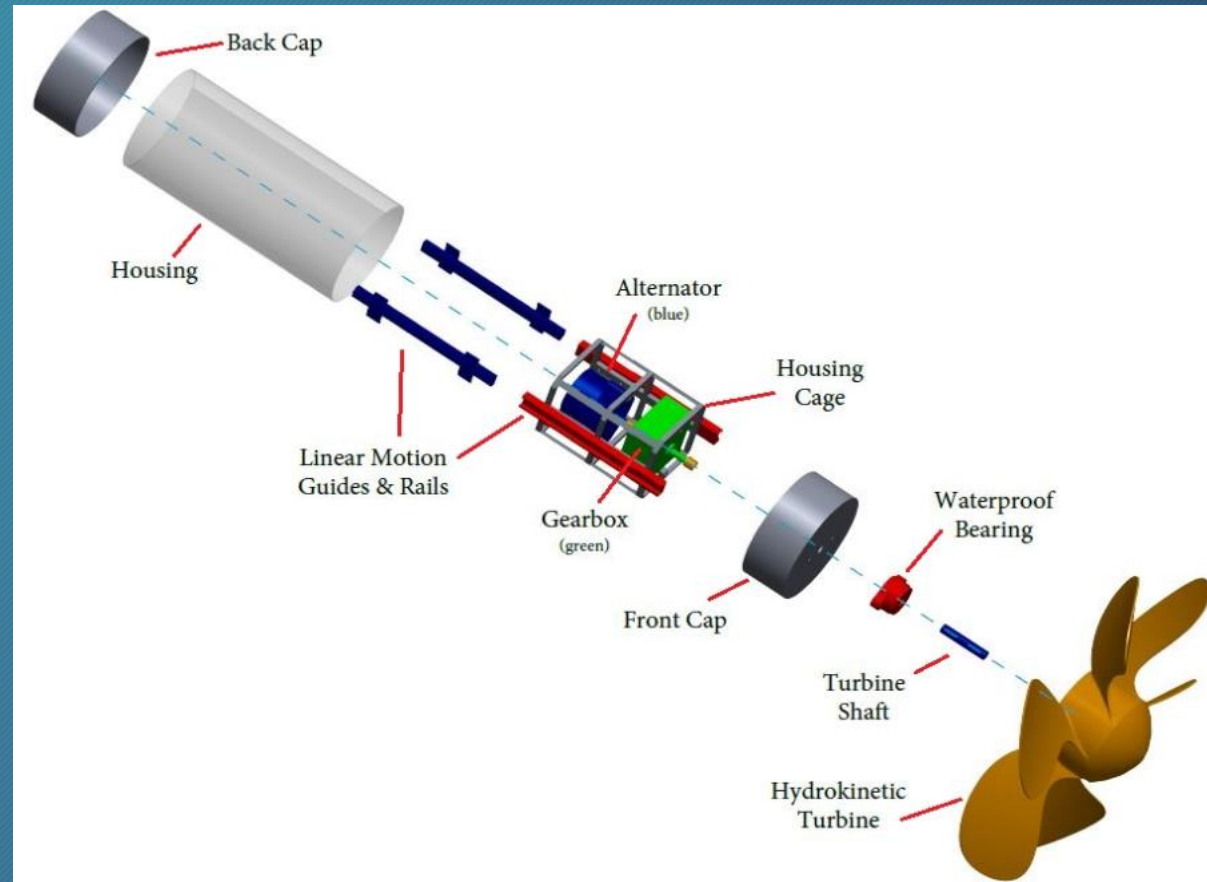


Fig. 11 - Hydroelectric Generator CAD
Team 7 - McCarthy

Detailed CAD Schematic

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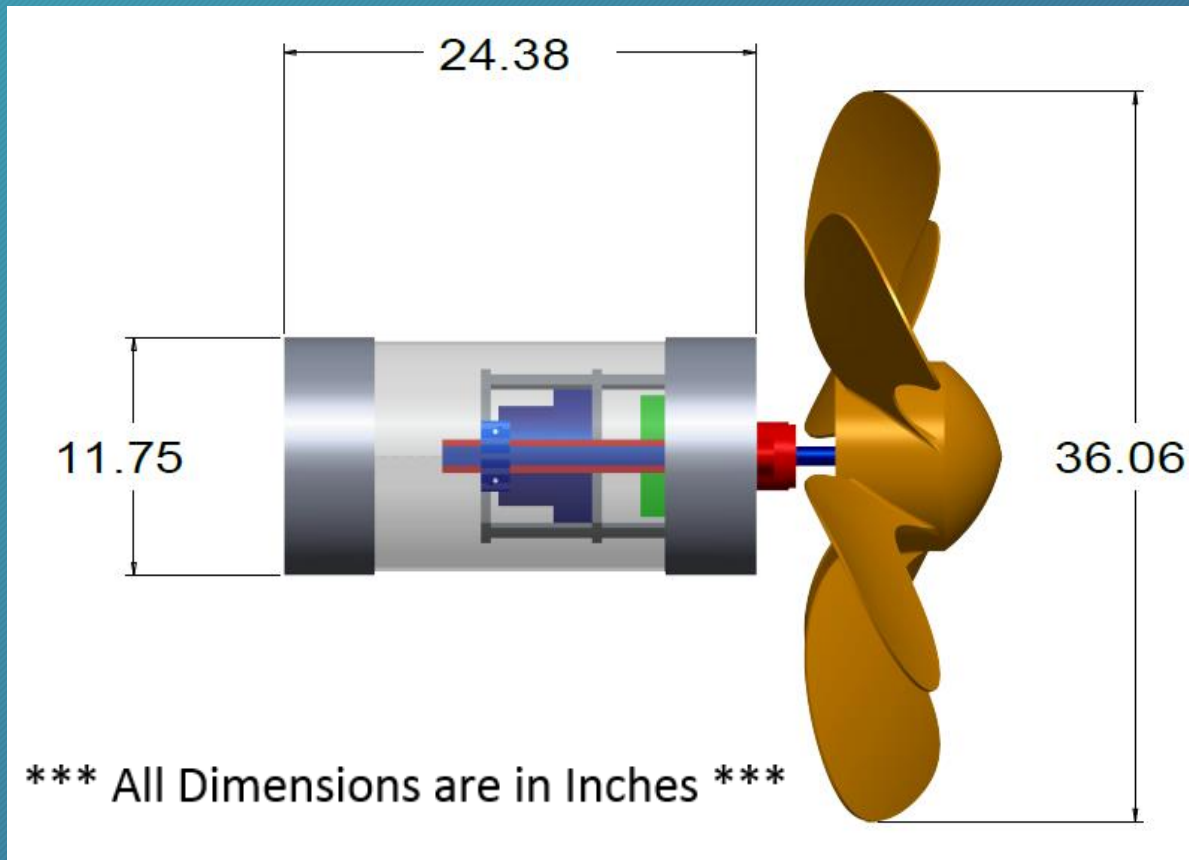


Fig. 12 - Hydroelectric Generator CAD with Dimensions Side - View

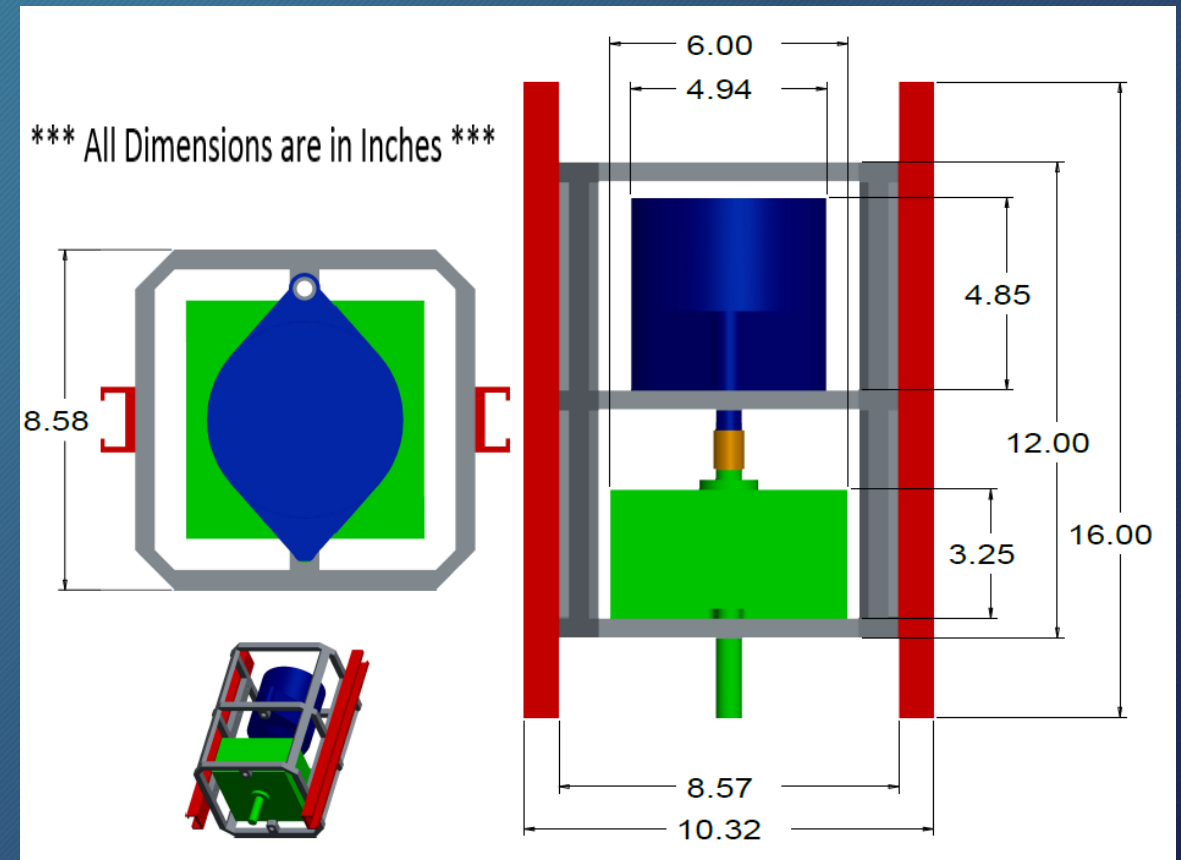
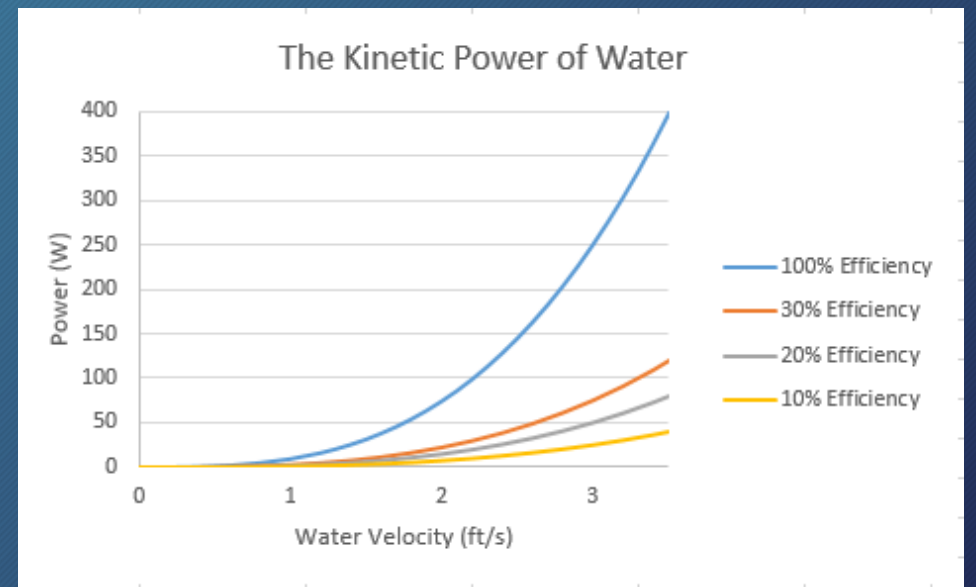
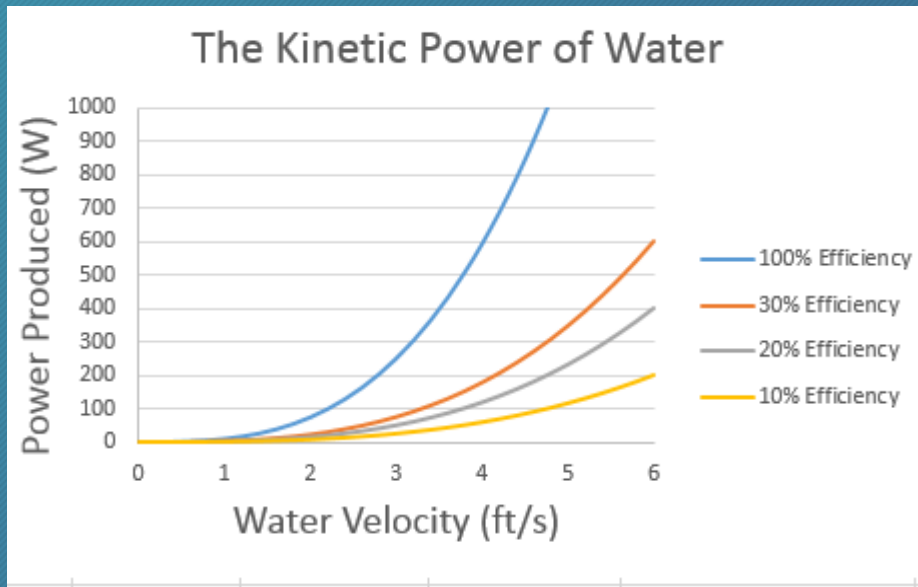
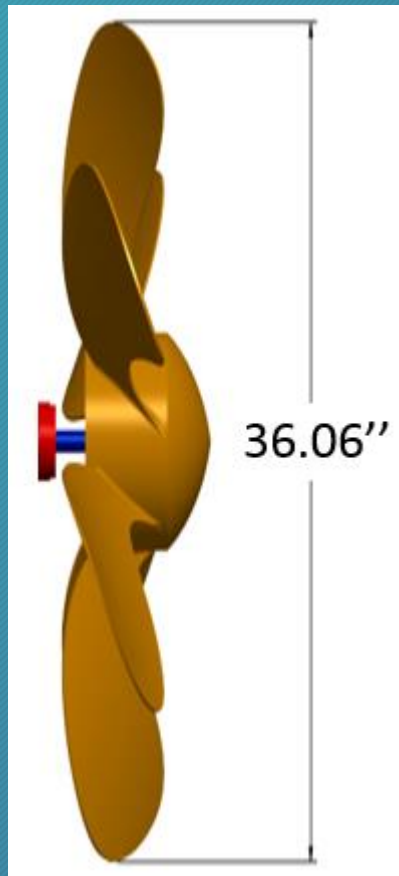


Fig. 13 - Hydroelectric Generator Cross-Sectional View with Dimensions

Hydrokinetic Turbine

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Gearbox/Anchoring System

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- Cannot move forward with gearbox design until turbine selection is complete. Will use a metal reduction gearbox to increase RPM of a shaft and decrease torque.
- Anchoring system planned to be cantilever design attached through spikes to shore.

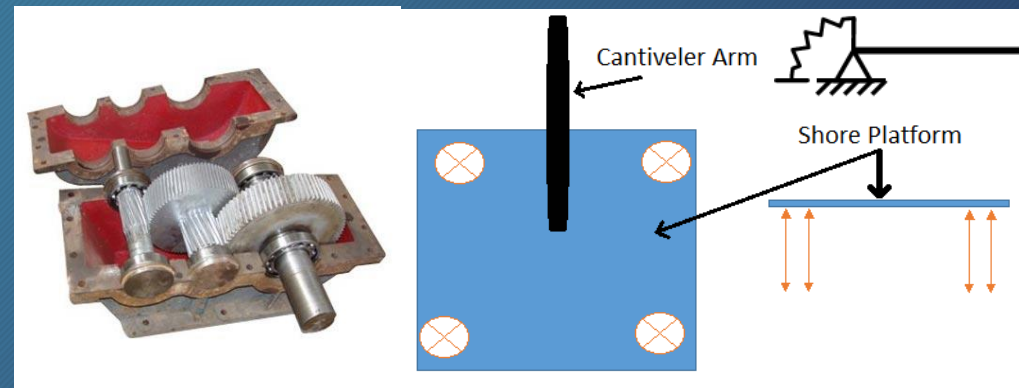


Figure 16 - Gearbox and Anchoring System Possibilities

Housing

| Housing | |
|----------------|-----------|
| Material | PVC Duct |
| Outer Diameter | 11.375" |
| Inner Diameter | 11" |
| Wall Thickness | 0.187" |
| Length | 2' |
| Weight/Foot | 3.944 lbs |

Table 3 - PVC Pipe Attributes



Figure 17 - PVC Piping

| Ends Caps | |
|----------------|----------|
| Material | PVC Duct |
| Outer Diameter | 11.75" |
| Inner Diameter | 11.375" |
| Wall Thickness | 0.187" |

Table 4 - PVC End-cap Attributes



Figure 18 - PVC End Cap

Rail System: No specific information because one has not been selected



Figure 19 - Rail System

Water Proofing

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Waterproof Spherical Flange Bearing

- Lubrication using grease inserted by a zerc fitting
- Heat Tolerance ranges from -22 to +212 °F
- Designed for a 1” shaft diameter



Figure 20 - Spherical Flange Bearing

Rubber Sleeve with Screw Bands

- Rubber sleeve allows for better contact each band with the PVC duct
- The band can screw tight enough to secure the cap to the housing tube for a perfect seal



Figure 21 - Rubber Sleeve

Electronic Components - Alternator

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Figure 22 - DC - 540 PMA

| Wind Blue Power | DC - 540 PMA |
|------------------------|-------------------|
| Voltage Production | 14V @ 250rpm |
| Amperage Production | 5A @ 250rpm |
| Charge Time to 500W | 7 Hours @ 250rpm |
| Startup Torque no Load | 0.17 Nm |
| Diameter | <7 inches |
| Depth | 6.5 inches |
| Wire Gauge | 10-12 AWG (0-20)A |
| Weight | 11 lbs. |
| Price | \$249.00 |

Figure 23 - Alternator Specifications



Figure 24 - Production Based on RPM
(Based on OC and SC)

Electronic Components - Charge Controller

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Figure 25 - 12 Volt 25 Amp Charge Controller From Wind Blue Power

- Takes in 3 - phase from the alternator
- Beneficial for longer distances
- Includes heat sink fins to dissipate heat
- Simple to set up to battery
- Built in switch to prevent overcharging of battery
- Switch enables automatic generator braking
- Price - \$44.00

Electronic Components - Watt Meter

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Figure 26 - Watt Meter Provided by Wind Blue Power

- Wattmeter allows end user to see all stats in one place
- Simple to hook up
- Will be placed at the battery terminals for easy access
- Measure charge(ah), power(w),current(A), and voltage(V)
- Price - \$24.00

Electronic Components - Circuit Schematic

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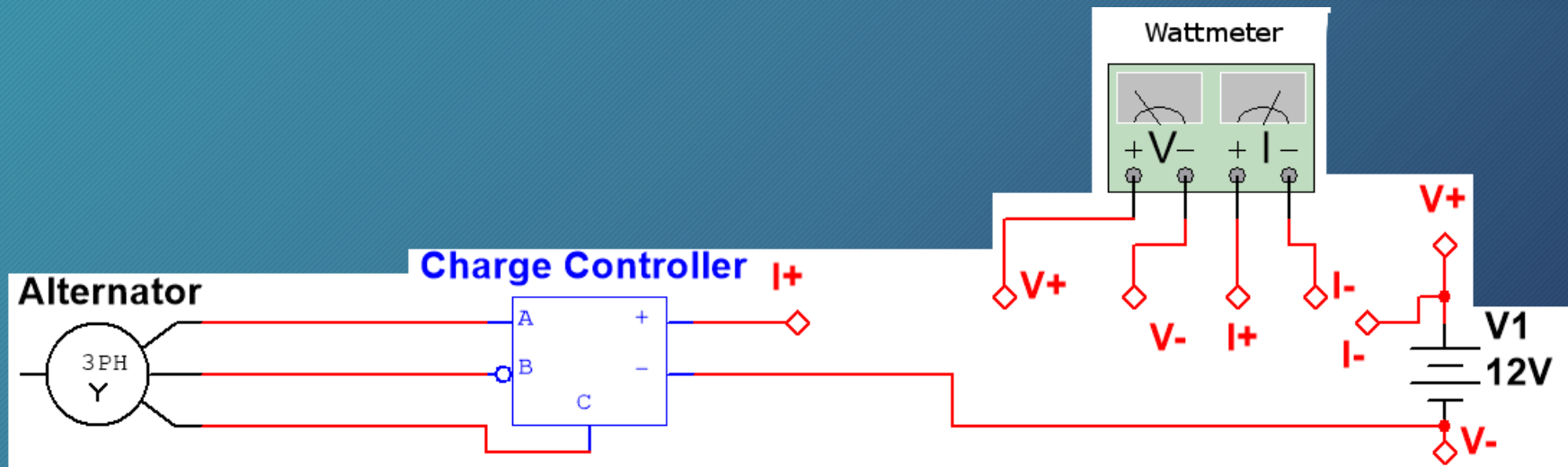
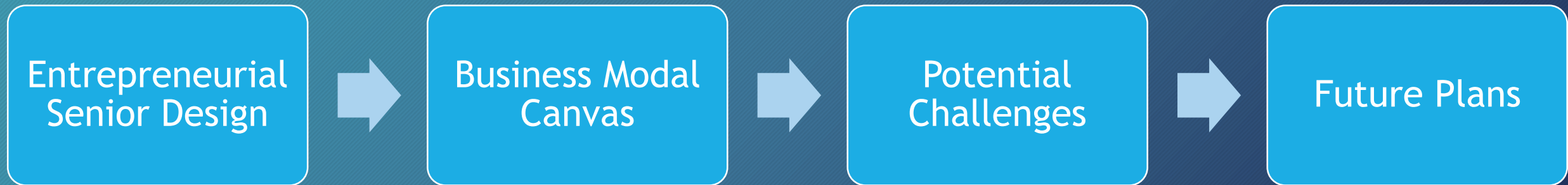


Figure 27 - Circuit Schematic

Future Progress and Entrepreneurial Aspects

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Entrepreneurial Senior Design

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- Requires us to evaluate the business potential and marketability of our product
- InNolevation Challenge - \$10,000 for 1st place & Domi Venture entry
 - Business Model Canvas
 - Stage 1 - Value Proposition
 - Stage 2 - Rest of canvas except for financials
 - Stage 3 - (Nov 20) work with a representative to improve the canvas

The Business Model Canvas

Team or Company Name:
Personal Hydroelectric Generator

Date:
11/18/2015

Primary Canvas
 Alternative Canvas

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| <u>Key Partners</u> | <u>Key Activities</u> | <u>Value Proposition</u> | <u>Customer Relationships</u> | <u>Customer Segments</u> |
|--|--|---|--|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Payment service such as <i>paypal</i> • Distribution partners –USPS, FedEx, etc. • Suppliers – generators, alternators, and turbine components • FSU – (senior design) supplies initial funding for the project • Kickstarter – entry level fundraising • Grants from competitions such as InNolevation Challenge | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • R&D –improve on hydroelectric generator design • effective sales team • establish premium models with added features | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Provide a constant, clean energy source with enough power to supply a small home or cabin with electricity • Utilize the power of flowing water in order to generate electricity • Significantly quieter than its gasoline counterpart • Portability | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Dedicated sales for large purchase accounts • Support staff • Automation (where possible) • Periodic newsletter | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Developing countries – specifically villages and homes near bodies of water • Humanitarian organizations • Outdoorsmen – riverside camp sites • Military |
| | <u>Key Resources</u> | | <u>Channels</u> | |
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Brand name • Product design • Sales and support teams • Sales of parts and expanded features | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Global sales and support team • Online website with product information • Social media accounts | |

Figure 28 - Business Model Canvas

Potential Challenges

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- Heat dispersion inside the housing
- Water contacting electrical components
- Achieving proper gear ratio for desired output
- Submerging the apparatus to desired depth
- Anchoring the system to withstand the necessary forces
- Keeping the design compact and easy to assemble

Gantt Chart

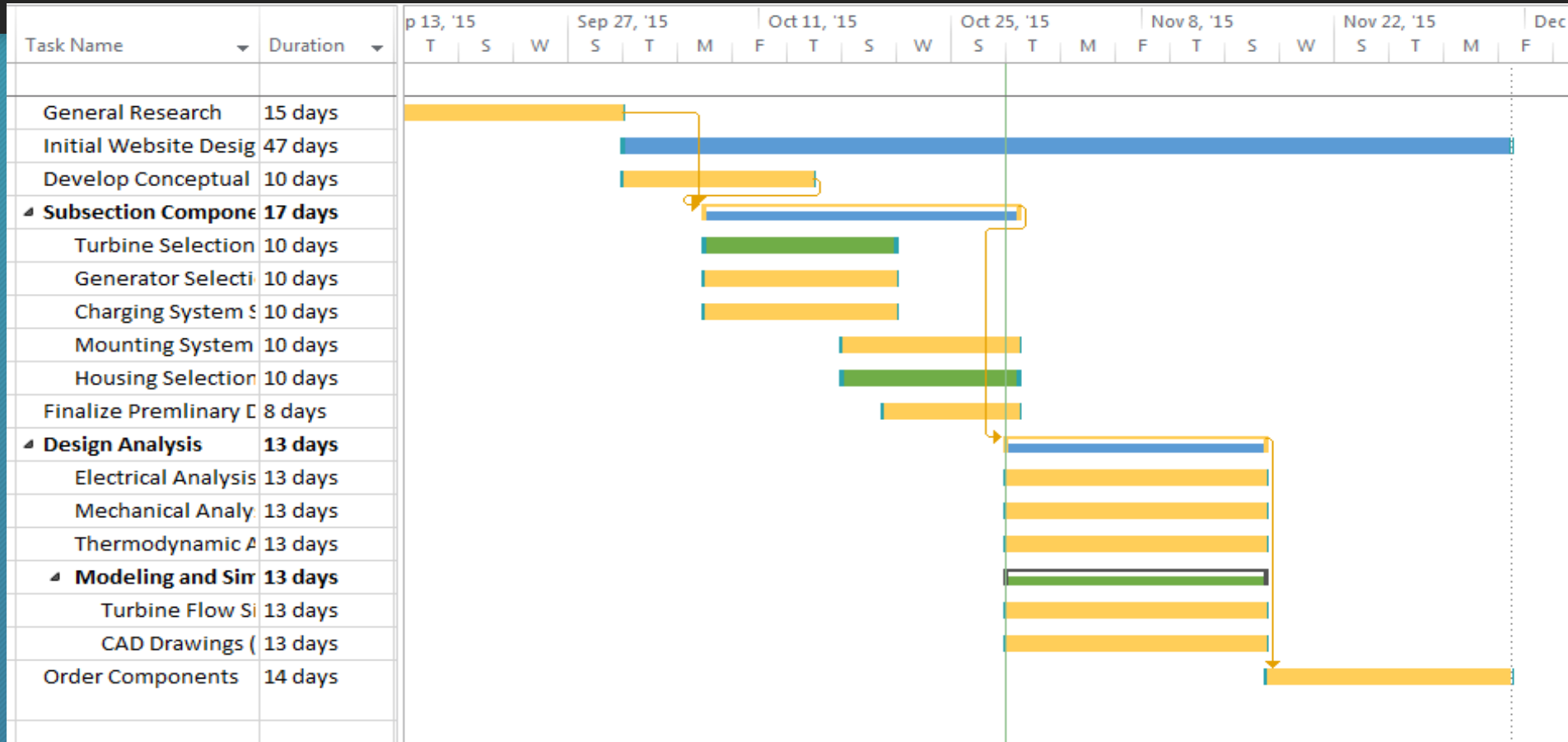


Figure 29 - Gantt Chart

Future Plans

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- Finalize Following Component Designs and Selections:
 - Turbine Blade
 - Anchoring System
 - Gear Box
 - Electrical Displays
- Complete Commercialization business plan and next stages of InNOLEvation challenge
- Investigate measures to protect turbine and turbine user during operation
- Test alternator for heat dissipation issues
- Order Components
- Machine and construct base and mounting for components in housing

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QUESTIONS?