# Computer Controlled Aiming and Tagging System

**Fall Final Presentation** 



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## **Project Overview**

- Background and Problem Statement
- Concepts
- Motors
- Controller & Components
- Power systems
- Firing system

# Background

- Real time analysis to test the ability and accuracy of C-CATS program
- Old Way:
  - Run dynamic cable testing with cameras and data sensors
  - Hours of post processing to evaluate data
  - Must start all over if the data is bad

### **Problem Statement**

### Solution:

- System with ability to see the accuracy immediately
- Real time mark on target to collect data
- Immediate feedback for good run/bad run

### Project Goal:

 Tagging system that can be statically tested for accuracy, repeatability, fire latency and safety

# **High Level Specifications**

| Specification    | Value                   |
|------------------|-------------------------|
| Budget           | \$2000                  |
| Maximum Range    | 25 m                    |
| Azimuth Range    | 360 deg                 |
| Elevation Range  | 90 deg                  |
| Angular Velocity | ≥ 360 deg/s             |
| Resolution       | ≤ 1 deg/s               |
| Maximum Weight   | 50 lb.                  |
| Power Source     | Honda EU1000i Generator |
| Motors           | Servos                  |
| Tagging System   | Paintballs              |

### Mechanism

- Will incorporate a Double Gimbal assembly
- A gimbal is a pivoted support that allows the rotation of an object about a single axis.
- Double-Gimbal assembly will provide the mechanism

with two degrees of freedom

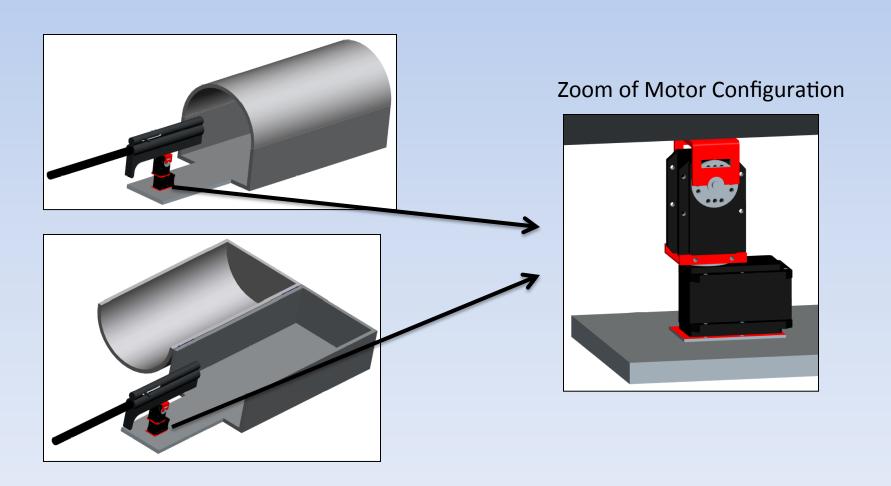
- Requires two motors



The Phalanx close in weapon system (CIWS) http://www.armybase.us/2009/05/raytheon-us-navy/

# Concepts

# Concept 1



## Concept 1 Data

$$I_x = 101.80 \frac{lb}{in^2}$$

$$\tau_{x} = I_{x}\alpha_{\text{max}}$$

$$I_y = 90.23 \frac{lb}{in^2}$$

$$\tau_y = I_y \alpha_{\text{max}}$$

| Concept 1 Properties:   |               |
|-------------------------|---------------|
| Housing                 | Aluminum 6061 |
| Elevation Torque Needed | 4.95 N*m      |
| Azimuth Torque Needed   | 5.59 N*m      |
| System Weight           | 49 lbs.       |

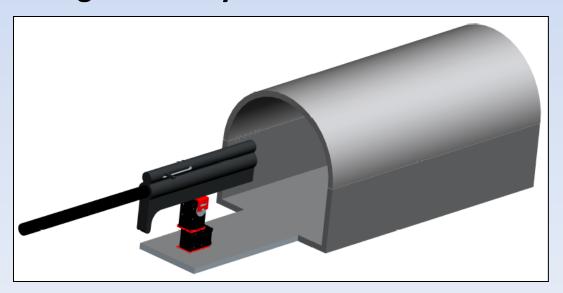
# Concept 1

#### Pro

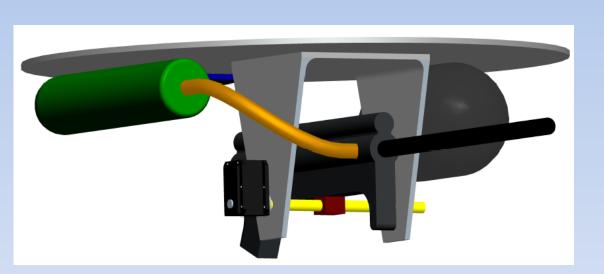
- All components enclosed in box
- Motors move gun directly

#### Con

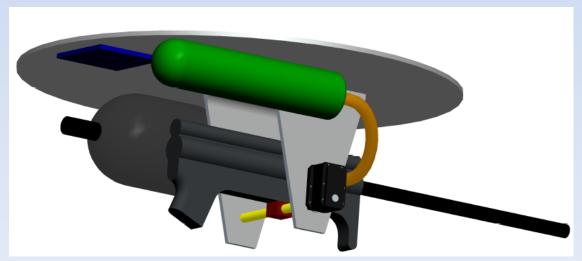
- Wires and hoses can get tangled when operating and restrict movement
- System weight ~ 49 lbs



Concept 2 Revised







## **Concept 2 Revised Data**

$$I_x = 1255.23 \frac{lb}{in^2}$$

$$\tau_{x} = I_{x}\alpha_{\text{max}}$$

$$I_y = 90.23 \frac{lb}{in^2}$$

$$\tau_y = I_y \alpha_{\text{max}}$$

| Concept 2 Properties: |               |
|-----------------------|---------------|
| Baseplate             | Aluminum 6061 |
| Gun Bracket           | Aluminum 6061 |
| Elevation Torque      | 4.95 N*m      |
| Azimuth Torque        | 77.8 N*m      |
| System Weight         | 21 lbs.       |

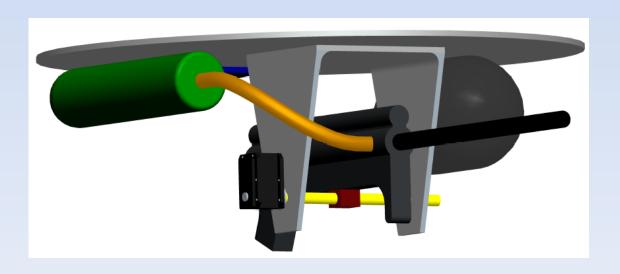
# Concept 2 Revised

#### Pro

- All components rotate with gun
- Can mount brackets for future dynamic testing

#### Con

 Azimuth torque is extremely high ~ 77.8 Nm



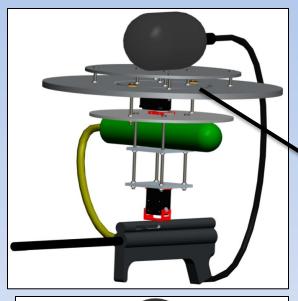
# **Concept Decision Matrix**

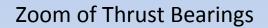
|                     |        | Concepts            |       |        |       |
|---------------------|--------|---------------------|-------|--------|-------|
|                     |        | Concept 1 Concept 2 |       |        | ept 2 |
| Specifications      | Weight | Rating              | Score | Rating | Score |
| System Weight       | 30.0%  | 2                   | 0.60  | 4      | 1.20  |
| Elevation Torque    | 25.0%  | 4                   | 1.00  | 4      | 1.00  |
| Azimuth Torque      | 25.0%  | 4                   | 1.00  | 1      | 0.25  |
| Area for Components | 20.0%  | 2                   | 0.40  | 3      | 0.60  |
| Total               | 100.0% |                     | 3.00  |        | 3.05  |

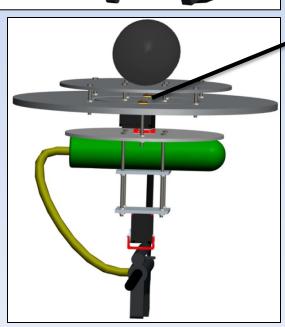
## Optimization

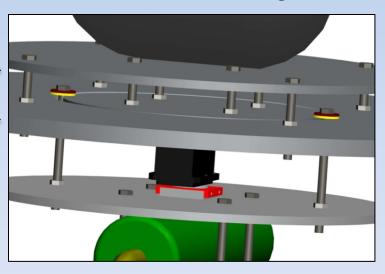
- Both scored very close in decision matrix
- Both exhibit significant cons
- Best from concept 1:
  - Best setup for motor torque values
- Best from concept 2:
  - Most maneuverability
  - Maximum space for component mounts

# Concept 3

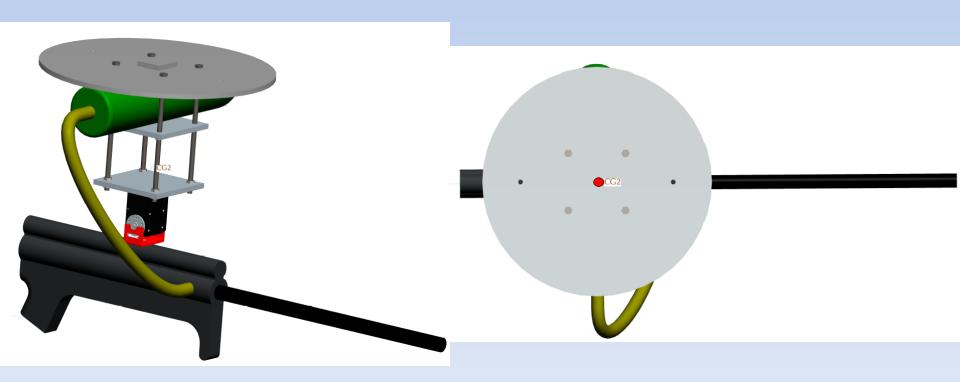








# **Concept 3 Bottom Section**



## Concept 3 Data

$$I_x = 189.11 \frac{lb}{in^2}$$

$$\tau_x = I_x \alpha_{\text{max}}$$

$$I_y = 90.23 \frac{lb}{in^2}$$

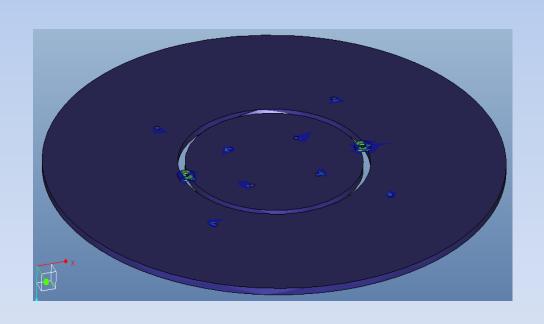
$$\tau_y = I_y \alpha_{\text{max}}$$

| Concept 3 Properties: |               |
|-----------------------|---------------|
| Discs                 | Aluminum 6061 |
| Elevation Torque      | 4.95 N*m      |
| Azimuth Torque        | 10.21 N*m     |
| System Weight         | 30 lbs.       |

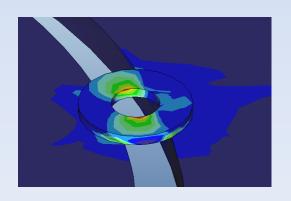
## Concept 3

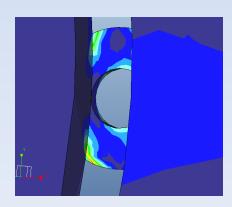


# Finite Element Analysis



- Pro/E Mechanica
- Max stresses at thrust bearings
- Max stress only about 9,000 psi





Factor of safety of 4.4

- Two different Dynamixel servo motors will be integrated into our system.
  - RX-64
    - Responsible for elevation position.
  - -EX-106+
    - Responsible for azimuth position.

Daisy chain link

 Both will be linked in series by a daisy chain bridge from the Arbotix controller to power and control.

- Dynamixel Rx-64
- Torque: 64 kg-cm (6.276Nm)
- Speed: 0.157sec/60º (382 º/s)
- 18 V
- Resolution 0.29 deg
- 300 deg operating angle



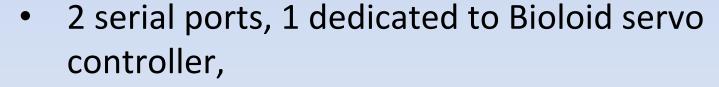
- Dynamixel EX-106+
- Torque: 106 kg-cm (10.395Nm)
- Speed: 0.143sec/60° (420°/s)
- 18 V
- Resolution 0.06 deg
- 251 deg operating angle



# Controller & Components

### Controller

- ArbotiX RoboController
  - ATMEGA644p microcontroller.
  - 16 MHz clock speed for accuracy.



the other to the XBEE wireless radio.

 BioloidController library (open source) available for use with the Arduino IDE for Dynamixel servo motors.



http://www.trossenrobotics.com/p/arbotix-robot-controller.aspx

### **Xbee Wireless Radio**

- An Xbee 1 mW radio transmitter will be used to remotely communicate to our system.
- The user will be able to input commands from a distance of 100 meters.
- The XBee transmitter will be mounted on the USB module and connected to a laptop via USB cable and the receiver will be placed on the motor controller.



# **Power Systems**

# **Power Supply**

#### **Power Generators**

- Allows for testing to be done in an outside environment
- Customer prefers power generator
- Allow for multiple testing without any down time
- Uses existing inverter to allow for varying voltage output
- Operating time is 8+ hr



http://www.etpetersen.com/ope/honda.htm

# **Power Supply**

- Standard wall plug
  - Powers board



http://www.trossenrobotics.com/p/power-supply-12vdc-2a.aspx

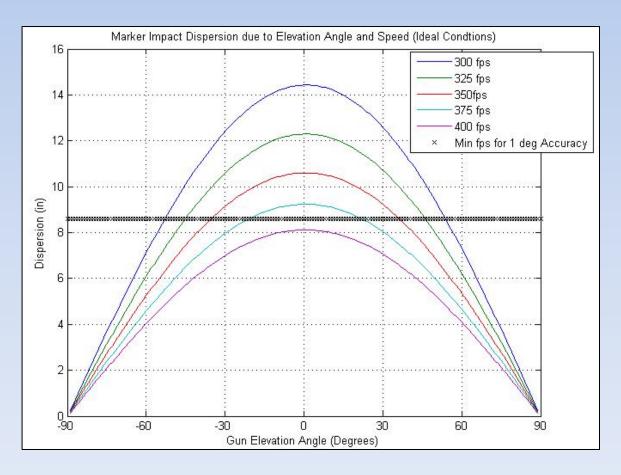
- AC to DC Variable Power
  - Powers motors





# Firing Systems

# Firing System Requirements



 Achieve dispersion of less than a degree

 Arc length radius calculated to be 8.59 in at 25 m range

Muzzle velocity
 between 375 – 400 psi

# **Tagging System**

- Tippmann A-5
  - Rugged
  - Relatively Light
     ~ 3.11 lb
  - "E" Trigger
  - Cost Effective



http://www.compulsivepaintball.com/mmCOMPULSIVEPAINTBALL/Images/Tippmann %20A5%20V2%20With%20Selector%20Switch.jpg



# **Tagging System Components**

#### **Q loader Hooper**

- Spring forces paintballs through feeding hose and into gun
- Hose can be adjusted to fit many design specifications
- The Q Loader can feed against gravity so it can be placed in a variety of positions



# Hammerhead Freedom Fighter Barrel

- Longer barrels for better accuracy and consistency
- Cost effective
- It is the barrel used in the modeled design



http://hammerheadpaintball.com

# Tagging System Components Cont

#### **Nitrogen Pressure System**

- Maintains stable pressure at different ambient temperatures
- Customer provides Nitrogen at testing facility



http://marketpaintball.info/4545-crossfire-high-pressure-tank-fs.html

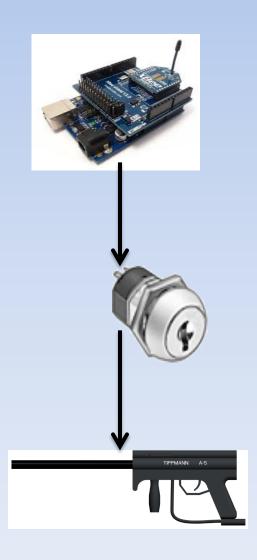
### Paintballs (Evil vs. Golf paintball)

- Golf paintballs are more feasible since the mark can be measured easily
- Evil are more cost effective and are commonly used in standard paintball guns
- Testing is needed to conclude which paintball is more accurate



http://www.rap4.com/rap4-golf-paintball-training-projectiles-a-258.html

# Safety



#### 3 Ways:

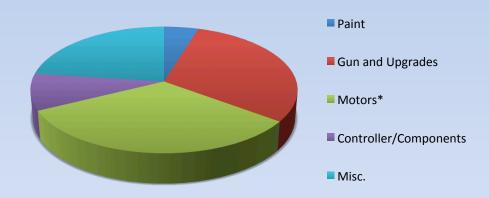
- 1) Remove mechanical trigger
  - No accidental pull
- 2) Have separate channel for firing command
  - •Does not allow for mixed signals when positioning the system
- 3) Simple on/off Switch
  - •Wired between controller and trigger
  - •No signal can be sent unless keyed switch is turned 'on'

# Budget

| Paint:                         |          |  |  |
|--------------------------------|----------|--|--|
| G.O.L.F Paintballs (500)       | \$24.95  |  |  |
| EVIL Paintballs (2000) \$70.00 |          |  |  |
| Gun & Upgrades:                |          |  |  |
| Tippmann A5 with E-Trigger     | \$368.45 |  |  |
| Hammerhead Barrel              | \$59.00  |  |  |
| Air Supply                     | \$129.95 |  |  |
| Coiled Air Hose                | \$30.00  |  |  |
| Grip Rail                      | \$20.00  |  |  |
| Motors:                        |          |  |  |
| Motors & Brackets Package      | \$651.40 |  |  |
| Controller/Components:         |          |  |  |
| Controller & Bridge            | \$139.94 |  |  |
| Wireless Receiver              | \$21.95  |  |  |
| Wireless Remote                | \$24.95  |  |  |

| Left Over          | \$459.41 |
|--------------------|----------|
| Assembly Materials | TBD      |
| Extra Compnents    | TBD      |

#### **Budget Breakdown**



• \*Motor value excluding sponsor provided higher torque motor

# Ordering

- Orders completed:
  - Motors
  - Controller
  - Controller Bridge
  - Wireless connector
  - Paintball Gun
- Pending Orders:
  - Safety Mechanism
  - Air Supply
  - Paint
  - Materials

### **Timeline**

December

January

Weekly Customer Checks

Part Ordering

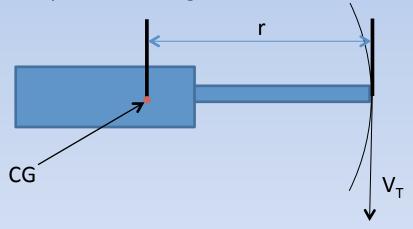
**Component Testing** 

Building

# Questions?

# **Appendix 1 Equations**

•Minimum angular velocity  $\omega = 360 \text{ deg/s}$ 



**Tangential Velocity** 

$$V_{Tavg} = \omega r$$

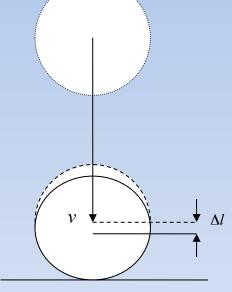
### Acceleration

• Maximum acceleration modeled as ball falling at tangential velocity with 2 inch travel of center mass

$$\mathbf{a}_{\text{Tmax}} = \frac{E_K}{m\Delta l} = \frac{\frac{1}{2}mv^2}{m\Delta l} = \frac{\frac{1}{2}v^2}{\Delta l}$$

**Angular Acceleration** 

$$\alpha_{\max} = \frac{a_{T\max}}{r}$$



# Required Torque

- Torque = Moment of Inertia \*
   Angular Acceleration
- Moment of Inertia modeled in Pro/E.

$$\tau = I\alpha$$

Max Required Torque:

$$\tau_{\rm max} = I\alpha_{\rm max}$$

# Appendix 2

```
VOLUME = 6.4179570e+01 INCh^3
SURFACE AREA = 2.5125709e+02 INCh^2
DENSITY = 4.8500000e-02 POUND / INCh^3
MASS = 3.1127092e+00 POUND

CENTER OF GRAVITY with respect to _COMPLETE_MARKER coordinate frame:
X Y Z 1.9949758e-03 -1.0658488e+00 6.7722735e+00 INCH

INERTIA at CENTER OF GRAVITY with respect to _COMPLETE_MARKER coordinate frame: (POUND * INCh^2)

INERTIA TENSOR:
Ixx Ixy Ixz 1.0180225e+02 -3.8512100e-03 -2.6614187e-02
Iyx Iyy Iyz -3.8512100e-03 9.0239872e+01 -9.0413392e+00
Izx Izy Izz -2.6614187e-02 -9.0413392e+00 1.2179945e+01
```

$$\omega := 360 \frac{\text{deg}}{\text{s}} \quad r := 19 \text{in} \quad v := \omega \cdot r \quad v = 3.032 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}} \qquad \lim_{x \to \infty} 1 := 2 \text{in} \quad I_y := 90.27 \text{lb·in}^2$$

$$I_x := 101.82 \text{lb·in}^2$$

$$a_{\text{Tmax}} := \frac{0.5 \cdot v^2}{1} \quad a_{\text{Tmax}} = 90.498 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}$$

$$\alpha_{\text{max}} := \frac{\text{a}_{\text{Tmax}}}{r} \quad \alpha_{\text{max}} = 187.522 \cdot \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}^2}$$

$$\tau_y := I_y \cdot \alpha_{\text{max}} \qquad \tau_y = 4.954 \cdot \text{N·m}$$

$$\tau_x := I_x \cdot \alpha_{\text{max}} \qquad \overline{\tau_x = 5.588 \cdot \text{N·m}}$$

# Appendix 3

```
VOLUME = 2.7981691e+02 INCH^3
SURFACE AREA = 1.7695312e+03 INCH^2
AVERAGE DENSITY = 7.6388289e-02 POUND / INCH^3

MASS = 2.1374735e+01 POUND

CENTER OF GRAVITY with respect to _ASSEMBLY2 coordinate frame:
X Y Z 1.2472702e+01 1.2085892e+01 -1.6546980e+00 INCH

INERTIA at CENTER OF GRAVITY with respect to _ASSEMBLY2 coordinate frame: (POUND * INCH^2)

INERTIA TENSOR:
Ixx Ixy Ixz 6.8998472e+02 -2.8619231e+01 5.0353468e+01
Iyx Iyy Iyz -2.8619231e+01 7.6841504e+02 7.9118966e+00
Izx Izy Izz 5.0353468e+01 7.9118966e+00

Izx Izy Izz 5.0353468e+01 7.9118966e+00
```

## Appendix 4

```
VOLUME = 1.5772375e+02 INCH^3
SURFACE AREA = 7.0162309e+02 INCH^2
AVERAGE DENSITY = 6.2013963e-02 POUND / INCH^3
MASS = 9.7810748e+00 POUND

CENTER OF GRAVITY with respect to _ANIMATE coordinate frame:
X Y Z 6.8791061e-01 1.9365967e+00 5.0794214e+00 INCH

INERTIA at CENTER OF GRAVITY with respect to _ANIMATE coordinate frame: (POUND * INCH^2)

INERTIA TENSOR:
IXX IXY IXZ 3.1662820e+02 4.6119390e+01 3.4980887e+00
IYX IYY IYZ 4.6119390e+01 3.6016569e+02 -1.0525470e+00
IZX IZY IZZ 3.4980887e+00 -1.0525470e+00 [1.8911818e+02]
```